STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAYS DIVISION

ADDENDUM NO. 1 for INTERSTATE ROUTE H-2

INTERSTATE ROUTE H-2 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT REHABILITATION (NORTHBOUND) AT VARIOUS LOCATIONS

FEDERAL-AID PROJECT NO. NH-H2-1(034)

JANUARY 10, 2022

This addendum shall make the following amendments to the Bid Documents:

A. SPECIFICATIONS

- Replace TABLE OF CONTENTS dated 12/17/21 with the attached TABLE OF CONTENTS dated r1/6/22.
- Replace Section 209 TEMPORARY WATER POLLUTION, DUST, AND EROSION CONTROL dated 10/28/21 with the attached Section 209 – TEMPORARY WATER POLLUTION, DUST, AND EROSION CONTROL dated r12/21/21.

B. PLANS

1. Replace Plan Sheet Nos. 5, 7, and 16 with the attached Plan Sheet Nos. ADD. 5, ADD. 7, and ADD. 16.

The following is provided for information:

A. PRE-BID MEETING MINUTES

Attached are the December 28, 2021 Pre-Bid Meeting Notes for your information.

B. CONTRACTOR'S RFI

The response to Contractor's RFI are attached for your information.

Please acknowledge receipt of this Addendum No. 1 by recording the date of its receipt in the space provided on page P-4.

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JADE T. BUTAY
Director of Transportation

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Amend Section 209 - TEMPORARY WATER POLLUTION, DUST, AND EROSION CONTROL to read as follows:

"SECTION 209 - TEMPORARY WATER POLLUTION, DUST, AND EROSION CONTROL

209.01 Description. This section describes the following:

- (A) Including detailed plans, diagrams, and written Site-Specific Best Management Practices (BMP); constructing, maintaining, and repairing temporary water pollution, dust, and erosion control measures at the project site, including local material sources, work areas and haul roads; removing and disposing hazardous wastes; control of fugitive dust (defined as uncontrolled emission of solid airborne particulate matter from any source other than combustion); and complying with applicable State and Federal permit conditions.
- (B) Work associated with construction stormwater, dewatering, and hydrotesting activities and complying with conditions of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit(s) authorizing discharges associated with construction stormwater, dewatering, and hydrotesting activities.
- (C) Potential pollutant identification and mitigation measures are listed in Appendix A for use in the development of the Contractor's Site-Specific BMP.

Requirements of this section also apply to construction support activities including concrete or asphalt batch plants, rock crushing plants, equipment staging yards/areas, material storage areas, excavated material disposal areas, and borrow areas located outside the State Right-of-Way. For areas serving multiple construction projects, or operating beyond the completion of the construction project in which it supports, the Contractor shall be responsible for securing the necessary permits, clearances, and documents, and following the conditions of the permits and clearances, at no cost to the State.

- **209.02 Materials**. Comply with applicable materials described in Chapters 2 and 3 of the current HDOT "Construction Best Management Practices Field Manual". In addition, the materials shall comply with the following:
 - (A) Grass. Grass shall be a quick growing species such as rye grass, Italian rye grass, or cereal grasses. Grass shall be suitable to the area and provide a temporary cover that will not compete later with permanent cover. Alternative grasses are allowable if acceptable to the Engineer.

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- **(B)** Fertilizer and Soil Conditioners. Fertilizer and soil conditioners shall be a standard commercial grade acceptable to the Engineer. Fertilizer shall conform to Subsection 619.02(H)(1) Commercial Fertilizer.
- **Hydro-mulching.** Hydro-mulching used as a temporary vegetative stabilization measure shall consist of materials in Subsections 209.02(A) -Grass, and 209.02(B) – Fertilizer and Soil Conditioners. Mulches shall be recycled materials including bagasse, hay, straw, wood cellulose bark, wood chips, or other material acceptable to the Engineer. Mulches shall be clean and free of noxious weeds and deleterious materials. Potable water shall meet the requirements of Subsection 712.01 - Water. Submit alternate sources of irrigation water for the Engineer's acceptance if deviating from 712.01 - Water. Installation and other requirements shall be in accordance with portions of Section 641- Hydro-Mulch Seeding including 641.02(D) - Soil and Mulch Tackifier, 641.03(A) – Seeding, and 641.03(B) - Planting Period. Install non-vegetative controls including mulch or rolled erosion control products while the vegetation is being established. Water and fertilize grass. Apply fertilizer as recommended by the manufacturer. Replace grass the Engineer considers unsuitable or sick. Remove and dispose of trash and debris. Remove invasive species. Mow as needed to prevent site or signage obstructions, fire hazard, or nuisance to the public. Do not remove down stream sediment control measures until the vegetation is uniformly established, including no large bare areas, and provides 70 percent of the density of pre-disturbance vegetation. Temporary vegetative stabilization shall not be used longer than one year.
- (D) Silt Fences. Comply with ASTM D6462, Standard Practice for Silt Fence Installation.

Alternative materials or methods to control, prevent, remove and dispose pollution are allowable if acceptable to the Engineer.

209.03 Construction.

- (A) Preconstruction Requirements.
 - (1) Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control Meeting. Schedule a water pollution, dust, and erosion control meeting with the Engineer after Site-Specific BMP is accepted in writing by the Engineer. Meeting shall be scheduled a minimum of 7 calendar days prior to the Start Work Date. Discuss sequence of work, plans and proposals for water pollution, dust, and erosion control.

| 91 92 93 94 | Submit a Site-Specific BMP Plan within 21 calendar days of date of award. Submission of complete and acceptable Site-Specific BMP Plan is the sole responsibility of the Contractor and additional contract time will not be issued for delays due to incompleteness. Include the |
|----------------------|---|
| 95 | following: |
| 96 | |
| 97 | (a) Written description of activities to minimize water |
| 98 | pollution and soil erosion into State waters, drainage or sewer |
| 99 100 | systems. BMP shall include the following: |
| 101 | 1. An identification of potential pollutants and their |
| 102 | sources. |
| 103 | oodi ood. |
| 104 | 2. A list of all materials and heavy equipment to be |
| 105 | used during construction. |
| 106 | |
| 107 | 3. Descriptions of the methods and devices used to |
| 108 | minimize the discharge of pollutants into State waters, |
| 109 | drainage or sewer systems. |
| 110 | |
| 111 | 4. Details of the procedures used for the |
| 112 | maintenance and subsequent removal of any erosion or |
| 113 | siltation control devices. |
| 114 | |
| 115 | 5. Methods of removing and disposing hazardous |
| 116 | wastes encountered or generated during construction. |
| 117 | |
| 118 | 6. Methods of removing and disposing concrete and |
| 119 | asphalt pavement cutting slurry, concrete curing water, |
| 120 | and hydrodemolition water. |
| 121 122 | 7 Spill Control and Provention and Emergency Spill |
| 123 | Spill Control and Prevention and Emergency Spill Response Plan. |
| 124 | ixesponse i lan. |
| 125 | 8. Fugitive dust control, including dust from grinding, |
| 126 | sweeping, or brooming off operations or combination |
| 127 | thereof. |
| 128 | |
| 129 | 9. Methods of storing and handling of oils, paints |
| 130 | and other products used for the project. |
| 131 | |
| 132 | 10. Material storage and handling areas, and other |
| 133 | staging areas. |
| 134 | |
| 135 | 11. Concrete truck washouts. |
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Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control Submittals.

| 136 | 12. Concrete waste control. |
|-----|---|
| 137 | 49 Evaling and marintaneous of vahiolog and ather |
| 138 | 13. Fueling and maintenance of vehicles and other |
| 139 | equipment. |
| 140 | |
| 141 | 14. Tracking of sediment offsite from project entries |
| 142 | and exits. |
| 143 | |
| 144 | 15. Litter management. |
| 145 | |
| 146 | 16. Toilet facilities. |
| 147 | |
| 148 | 17. Other factors that may cause water pollution, dust |
| 149 | and erosion control. |
| 150 | |
| 151 | (b) Provide plans indicating location of water pollution, dust |
| 152 | and erosion control devices; provide plans and details of BMPs |
| 153 | to be installed or utilized; show areas of soil disturbance in cut |
| 154 | and fill, indicate areas used for construction staging and |
| 155 | storage including items (1) through (17) above, storage of |
| 156 | aggregate (indicate type of aggregate), asphalt cold mix, soil or |
| 157 | solid waste, equipment and vehicle parking, and show areas |
| 158 | where vegetative practices are to be implemented. Indicate |
| 159 | intended drainage pattern on plans. Include flow arrows. |
| 160 | Include separate drawing for each phase of construction that |
| 161 | alters drainage patterns. Indicate approximate date when |
| 162 | device will be installed and removed. |
| 163 | |
| 164 | (c) Construction schedule. |
| 165 | |
| 166 | (d) Name(s) of specific individual(s) designated responsible |
| 167 | for water pollution, dust, and erosion controls on the project |
| 168 | site. Include home, cellular, and business telephone numbers, |
| 169 | fax numbers, and e-mail addresses. |
| 170 | ax namboro, and o man addresses. |
| 171 | (e) Description of fill material to be used. |
| 172 | (c) Description of the material to be asea. |
| 173 | (f) For projects with an NPDES Permit for Construction |
| 174 | Activities, submit information to address all sections in the |
| 175 | Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP). |
| 176 | Otomi Water Foliation Frevention Fran (OWFFF). |
| 177 | (g) For projects with an NPDES Permit, information required |
| 178 | (g) For projects with an NPDES Permit, information required for compliance with the conditions of the Notice of General |
| 179 | Permit Coverage (NGPC)/NPDES Permit. |
| 180 | remit coverage (NOI C)/NEDLO Femili. |
| 100 | |
| | |

(h) Site-Specific BMP Review Checklist. The checklist may be downloaded from HDOT's Stormwater Management website at http://stormwaterhawaii.com.

Date and sign Site-Specific BMP Plan. Keep accepted copy on site or at an accessible location so that it can be made available at the time of an on-site inspection or upon request by the Engineer, HDOT Third-Party Inspector, and/or DOH/EPA Representative. Amendments to the Site-Specific BMP Plan shall be included with original Site-Specific BMP Plan. Modify SWPPP if necessary to conform to revisions. Include date of installation and removal of Site-Specific BMP measures. Obtain written acceptance by the Engineer before implementing revised Site-Specific BMPs in the field.

Follow the guidelines in the current HDOT "Construction Best Management Practices Field Manual", in developing, installing, and maintaining Site-Specific BMPs for all projects. For any conflicting requirements between the Manual and applicable bid documents, the applicable bid documents will govern. Should a requirement not be clearly described within the applicable bid documents, notify the Engineer immediately for interpretation. For the purposes of clarification "applicable bid documents" include the construction plans, standard specifications, special provisions, Permits, and the SWPPP when applicable.

Follow Honolulu's City and County "Rules for Soil Erosion Standards and Guidelines" for all projects on Oahu. Use respective Soil Erosion Guidelines for Maui, Kauai and Hawaii projects.

(B) Construction Requirements. Do not begin work until submittals detailed in Subsection 209.03(A)(2) - Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control Submittals are completed and accepted in writing by the Engineer.

Install, maintain, monitor, repair and replace site-specific BMP measures, such as for water pollution, dust and erosion control; installation, monitoring, and operation of hydrotesting activities; removal and disposal of hazardous waste indicated on plans, concrete cutting slurry, concrete curing water; or hydrodemolition water. Site-Specific BMP measures shall be in place, functional and accepted by HDOT personnel prior to initiating any ground disturbing activities.

If necessary, furnish and install rain gage in a secure location prior to field work including installation of site-specific BMP. Provide rain gage with a tolerance of at least 0.05 inches of rainfall. Install rain gage on project site in an area that will not deter rainfall from entering the gate opening. Do not install in a location where rain water may splash into rain gage. The rain gage installation shall be stable and plumbed. Maintain rain gage and replace rain gage that is stolen, does not function properly or accurately, is worn out, or needs to be relocated. Do not begin field work until rain gage is installed and Site-Specific BMPs are in place. Rain gage data logs shall be readily available. Submit rain gage data logs weekly to the Engineer.

Address all comments received from the Engineer.

Modify and resubmit plans and construction schedules to correct conditions that develop during construction which were unforeseen during the design and pre-construction stages.

Coordinate temporary control provisions with permanent control features throughout the construction and post-construction period.

Limit maximum surface area of earth material exposed at any time to 300,000 square feet. Do not expose or disturb surface area of earth material (including clearing and grubbing) until BMP measures are installed and accepted in writing by the Engineer. Protect temporarily or permanently disturbed soil surface from rainfall impact, runoff and wind before end of the work day.

Immediately initiate stabilizing exposed soil areas upon completion of earth disturbing activities for areas permanently or temporarily ceased on any portion of the site. Earth-disturbing activities have permanently ceased when clearing and excavation within any area of the construction site that will not include permanent structures has been completed. Earth-disturbing activities have temporarily ceased when clearing, grading, and excavation within any area of the site that will not include permanent structures will not resume for a period of 14 or more calendar days, but such activities will resume in the future. The term "immediately" is used in this section to define the deadline for initiating stabilization measures. "Immediately" means as soon as practicable, but no later than the end of the next work day, following the day when the earth-disturbing activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

For projects with an NPDES Permit for Construction activities:

(1) For construction areas discharging into waters not impaired for nutrients or sediments, complete initial stabilization within 14 calendar days after the temporary or permanent cessation of earth-disturbing

| 271 | activities. |
|------------|--|
| 272 | (2) For construction areas discharging into nutrient or sediment |
| 273 | impaired waters, complete initial stabilization within 7 calendar days |
| 274 | after the temporary or permanent cessation of earth-disturbing |
| 275 | activities. |
| 276 | |
| 277 | For projects without an NPDES Permit for Construction activities, |
| 278 | complete initial stabilization within 14 calendar days after the temporary or |
| 279 | permanent cessation of earth-disturbing activities. |
| 280 | permanent ocosation of cartif distarbing activities. |
| 281 | Any of the following types of activities constitutes initiation of |
| 282 | stabilization: |
| 283 | Stabilization. |
| 284 | (1) Prepping the soil for vegetative or non-vegetative stabilization; |
| 285 | (1) Prepping the soil for vegetative or non-vegetative stabilization; |
| 286 | (2) Applying mulch or other non-vegetative product to the exposed |
| 287 | |
| 288 | area; |
| 289 | (2) Sooding or planting the expected area: |
| | (3) Seeding or planting the exposed area; |
| 290 291 | (4) Starting any of the activities in items (1) (2) above on a partion |
| 291 | (4) Starting any of the activities in items (1) – (3) above on a portion of the area to be stabilized, but not on the entire area; and |
| | of the area to be stabilized, but not on the entire area; and |
| 293 294 | (5) Finalizing arrangements to have stabilization product fully |
| 294 | (5) Finalizing arrangements to have stabilization product fully installed in compliance with the deadline for completing initial |
| 293 | stabilization activities. |
| 290 | Stabilization activities. |
| 298 | Any of the following types of activities constitutes completion of initial |
| 299 | stabilization activities: |
| 300 | Stabilization activities. |
| 301 | (1) For vegetative stabilization, all activities necessary to initially |
| 302 | seed or plant the area to be stabilized; and/or |
| 303 | seed of plant the area to be stabilized, and/or |
| 304 | (2) For non-vegetative stabilization, the installation or application |
| 305 | of all such non-vegetative measures. |
| 306 | of all such horr-vegetative measures. |
| 307 | If the Contractor is unable to meet the deadlines above due to |
| 308 | |
| 309 | circumstances beyond the Contractor's control, and the Contractor is using |
| 310 | vegetative cover for temporary or permanent stabilization, the Contractor |
| 311 | may comply with the following stabilization deadlines instead as agreed to by |
| 312 | the Engineer: |
| 313 | (1) Immediately initiate and complete within the timeframe chown |
| 314 | (1) Immediately initiate, and complete within the timeframe shown |
| 314 | above, the installation of temporary non-vegetative stabilization |
| 316 | measures to prevent erosion; |
| 310 | |
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- (2) Complete all soil conditioning, seeding, watering or irrigation installation, mulching, and other required activities related to the planting and initial establishment of vegetation as soon as conditions or circumstances allow it on the site; and
- (3) Notify and provide documentation to the Engineer the circumstances that prevent the Contractor from meeting the deadlines above for stabilization and the schedule the Contractor will follow for initiating and completing initial stabilization and as agreed to by the Engineer.

Follow the applicable requirements of the specifications and special provisions including Section 619 Planting and Section 641 Hydro-Mulch Seeding.

Immediately after seeding or planting the area to be vegetatively stabilized, to the extent necessary to prevent erosion on the seeded or planted area, select, design, and install non-vegetative erosion controls that provide cover (e.g., mulch, rolled erosion control products) to the area while vegetation is becoming established.

Protect exposed or disturbed surface area with mulches, grass seeds or hydromulch. Spray mulches at a rate of 2,000 pounds per acre. Add tackifier to mix at a rate of 85 pounds per acre. Apply grass seeds at a rate of 125 pounds per acre. For hydromulch, use the ingredients and rates required for mulches and grass seeds. Submit recommendations from a licensed Landscape Architect when deviating from the application rates above.

Apply fertilizer to mulches, grass seed or hydromulch per manufacturer's recommendations. Submit recommendations from a licensed Landscape Architect when deviating from the manufacturer's recommendations.

Install velocity dissipation measures when exposing erodible surfaces greater than 15 feet in height.

BMP measures shall be in place and operational at the end of work day or as required by Section 209.03(B) Construction Requirements.

Install and maintain either or both stabilized construction entrances and wheel washes to minimize tracking of dirt and mud onto roadways. Restrict traffic to stabilized construction areas only. Clean dirt, mud, or other material tracked onto the road, sidewalk, or other paved area by the end of the same day in which the track-out occurs. Modify stabilized construction entrances to prevent mud from being tracked onto road. Stabilize entire

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|------------|--|--|--|--|--|-------------------------------|
| -08 | | (b) | Within 24 hou | rs of any rainf | all of 0.25 inch o | r greater |
| -06 -07 | | (a) | Weekly. | | | |
| 05 | | /a\ | Mackly | | | |
| 04 | to BM | 1P meas | sures at the foll | owing intervals | • • | |
| -03 | | | # 1565 1869 | | n report, and mak | e repairs |
| -02 | (1) | | | March Committee (1997) | into nutrient or | |
| -01 | THE PROPERTY AND THE PR | 124 Control of the Co | | | | |
| -00 | For p | rojects v | with an NPDES | Permit for Cor | nstruction Activitie | s: |
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| 98 | Prope | erlv mair | ntain all Site-Sp | ecific BMP me | asures. | |
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| 95 | | | | | easures shall be | 1900 |
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| 89 | Contractor. | | | | | |
| 88 | | nup and | remove any | pollutant that | can be attribute | d to the |
| 87 | (2 <u>822</u> 972) | | | <u> </u> | 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2 | |
| 86 | material that | t may be | e source of fugi | tive dust. | | |
| 85 | | | | | oil, excavated ma | 11.00 E-10.00 |
| 84 | Cove | r expos | ed surface of | materials cor | npletely with tar | paulin or |
| 83 | CONTROLLOG D | , p. 0,000 | CONTINUO OF OR | JOIOTT JOHN OF H | TOUGHT OUT | |
| 82 | | | t activities or er | Table Straight Table 460 STREETS STREETS STREETS | THE TANKS OF THE CONTRACTOR PROCESSES AND ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS AND ADDRES | Solou, Oi |
| 81 | Provid | de for c | controlled disch | arge of water | s impounded, dir | ected or |
| 80 | (3) | Outel | methods accep | iable to the En | girieer. | |
| 78 79 | /3) | Other | methods accep | table to the En | aineer | |
| 77 78 | (2) | ınstalli | ng check dams | and siliation o | ontrol devices. | |
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| 74 | (1) | | (9000) | lower region | of embankment | s in the |
| 73 | M2/34*423 | Markan S | | | 12 125 A | 2. 898 |
| 72 | cuts and fills | at all tir | mes by either: | | NOTES 809 STATE | 129 |
| 71 | Prote | ct ditche | es, channels, ai | nd other draina | geways leading a | way from |
| 70 | AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT | Name of Street | | The state of the s | | |
| 69 | | from cuts and embankments. Provide portable flume at the entrance. on or extend temporary slope drains to ensure proper function. | | | | |
| 68 | | e who i down a management with a management of the contract of | Target and the property of the control of the contr | response to the contract of the second secon | | (120724) Che Milinochiete Avi |
| 67 | Provi | de temn | orary slope dr | ains of rigid o | r flexible conduits | to carry |
| 666 | and dust COI | usi control il acceptable to the Engineer. | | | | |
| 64 65 | | Chemicals may be used as soil stabilizers for either or both erosion ust control if acceptable to the Engineer. | | | | |
| 63 | access road | | Va 15.000 | aail atabili-ara | for oithor or both | rl-n |

| 409 | which occurs in a 24-hour period. |
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| 410 | |
| 411 | (c) When existing erosion control measures are damaged |
| 412 | or not operating properly as required by Site-Specific BMP. |
| 413 | /6\ |
| 414 | (2) For construction areas discharging to waters not impaired for |
| 415 | nutrients or sediments, inspect, prepare a written report, and make |
| 416 417 | repairs to BMP measures at the following intervals: |
| 417 | (a) Weekly. |
| 419 | (a) Weekly. |
| 420 | (b) When existing erosion control measures are damaged |
| 421 | or not operating properly as required by Site-Specific BMP. |
| 422 | of not operating property as required by one-operation. |
| 423 | For projects without an NPDES Permit for Construction activities, |
| 424 | inspect, prepare a written report, and make repairs to BMP measures at the |
| 425 | following intervals: |
| 426 | Tollowing intervels. |
| 427 | (a) Weekly. |
| 428 | |
| 429 | (b) When existing erosion control measures are damaged |
| 430 | or not operating properly as required by Site-Specific BMP. |
| 431 | |
| 432 | Temporarily remove, replace or relocate any Site-Specific BMP that |
| 433 | must be removed, replaced or relocated due to potential or actual flooding, |
| 434 | or potential danger or damage to project or public. |
| 435 | |
| 436 | Maintain records of inspections of Site-Specific BMP work. Keep |
| 437 | continuous records for duration of the project. Submit copy of Inspection |
| 438 | Report to the Engineer within 24 hours after each inspection. |
| 439 | |
| 440 | The Contractor's designated representative specified in Subsection |
| 441 | 209.03(A)(2)(d) shall address any Site-Specific BMP deficiencies brought up |
| 442 | by the Engineer immediately, including weekends and holidays, and |
| 443 | complete work to fix the deficiencies by the close of the next work day if the |
| 444 | problem does not require significant repair or replacement, or if the problem |
| 445 | can be corrected through routine maintenance. Address any Site-Specific |
| 446 | BMP deficiencies brought up by the State's Third-Party Inspector in the |
| 447 | timeframe above or as specified in the Consent Decree or MS4 NPDES |
| 448 | Permit, whichever is more stringent. The Consent Decree timeframe |
| 449 | requirement applies statewide. The MS4 NPDES Permit only applies to |
| 450 | Oahu. In this section, "immediately" means the Contractor shall take all |
| 451 | reasonable measures to minimize or prevent discharge of pollutants until a |
| 452 453 | permanent solution is installed and made operational. If a problem is identified at a time in the day in which it is too late to initiate repair, initiation |
| 453 454 | identified at a time in the day in which it is too late to initiate repair, initiation of repair shall begin on the following work day. When installation of a new |
| オンオ | or repair small begin on the following work day. When installation of a new |
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pollution prevention control or a significant repair is needed, complete installation or repair no later than seven calendar days from the time of notification/Contractor discovery. Notify the Engineer and document why it is infeasible to complete the installation or repair within seven calendar days and complete the work as soon as practicable and as agreed to by the Address Site-Specific BMP deficiencies discovered by the Contractor within the timeframe above. The Contractor's failure to satisfactorily address these Site-Specific BMP deficiencies, the Engineer reserves the right to employ outside assistance or use the Engineer's own labor forces to provide necessary corrective measures. The Engineer will charge the Contractor such incurred costs plus any associated project engineering costs. The Engineer will make appropriate deductions from the Contractor's monthly progress estimate. Failure to apply Site-Specific BMP measures may result in one or more of the following: assessment of liquidated damages, suspension, or cancellation of Contract with the Contractor being fully responsible for all additional costs incurred by the State.

(C) Discharges of Storm Water Associated with Construction Activities. If work includes disturbance of one acre or more, an NPDES Permit authorizing Discharges of Storm Water Associated with Construction Activity (CWB-NOI Form C) or Individual Permit authorizing storm water discharges associated with construction activity is required from the Department of Health Clean Water Branch (DOH-CWB).

Do not begin construction activities until all required conditions of the permit are met and submittals detailed in Subsection 209.03(A)(2) – Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control Submittals are completed and accepted in writing by the Engineer.

(D) Discharges Associated with Hydrotesting Activities. If hydrotesting activities require effluent discharge into State waters or drainage systems, an NPDES Hydrotesting Waters Permit (CWB-NOI Form F) or Individual Permit authorizing discharges associated with hydrotesting from DOH-CWB is required from the DOH-CWB.

Do not begin hydrotesting activities until the DOH-CWB has issued an Individual NPDES Permit or Notice of General Permit Coverage (NGPC). Conduct Hydrotesting operations in accordance with the conditions of the permit or NGPC.

(E) Discharges Associated with Dewatering Activities. If dewatering activities require effluent discharge into State waters or drainage systems, an NPDES Dewatering Permit (CWB-NOI Form G) or Individual Permit authorizing discharges associated with dewatering from DOH-CWB is required from the DOH-CWB.

Do not begin dewatering activities until the DOH-CWB has issued an Individual NPDES Permit or Notice of General Permit Coverage (NGPC). Conduct dewatering operations in accordance with the conditions of the permit or NGPC.

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Submit the Solid Waste Disclosure Form for Solid Waste. Construction Sites to the Engineer within 21 calendar days of award. Keep copies on-site or at an accessible location so that it can be made available at the time of an on-site inspection or upon request by the Engineer, HDOT Third-Party Inspector, and/or DOH/EPA Representative. Provide a copy of all the disposal receipts from the facility permitted by the Department of Health to receive solid waste or any intermediary facility where solid waste is handled or processed, haul tags, and any documentation as requested by the Engineer by the last day of each month. Notify Engineer at minimum 48 hours prior to removal of material from site. All material generated by the project and taken off site shall be considered solid waste. If the Contractor elects to reclassify material as inert fill, DOH HEER testing guidance must be followed. Testing is an incidental cost to the contract items. No material generated from this project shall be classified as inert fill material for reuse without testing, obtaining required approvals/permits, providing disposal locations/quantities, and obtaining prior written approval from the Engineer. Failure to comply with these requirements may result in fines/liquidated damages in accordance with Special Provisions Section 209 and HDOT's Enforcement Response Plan.

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(G) Construction BMP Training. The Contractor's representative responsible for development of the Site-Specific BMP Plan and implementation of Site-Specific BMPs in the field shall attend the State's Construction Best Management Practices Training. The Contractor shall keep training logs updated and readily available.

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209.04 Measurement.

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(B) The Engineer will only measure additional water pollution, dust and erosion control required and requested by the Engineer on a force account basis in accordance with Subsection 109.06 – Force Account Provisions and Compensation.

Installation, maintenance, monitoring, and removal of BMP will be paid

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209.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for accepted pay items listed below at contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and contract documents.

on a lump sum basis. Measurement for payment will not apply.

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The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items when included in

proposal schedule:

549 Pay Item Pay Unit

Installation, Maintenance, Monitoring, and Removal of BMP Lump Sum

Payment for all work prescribed in this section including: submittals, sampling, testing, reporting, dust control measures, installation, maintenance, monitoring, implementation of the SWPPP, and removal of BMP's shall be paid for under the lump sum pay item shown in the proposal schedule. This includes payment for installation or modification of Site-Specific BMP measures due to change in the Contractor's means and methods, or for omitted condition that should have been allowed for in the accepted Site-Specific BMP/SWPPP or a Site-Specific BMP that requires repair or replacement of an accepted Site-Specific BMP that is not satisfactorily performing.

Additional Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control

Force Account

An estimated amount for force account is allocated in proposal schedule under 'Additional Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control', but actual amount to be paid will be the sum shown on accepted force account records, whether this sum be more or less than estimated amount allocated in proposal schedule. The Engineer will pay for BMP measures requested by the Engineer that are beyond the scope of the original contract work on a force account basis. No progress payment will be authorized until the Engineer accepts in writing Site-Specific BMP or when the Contractor fails to maintain project site in accordance with accepted BMP.

For all citations or fines received by the Department for non-compliance, including compliance with NPDES Permit conditions, the Contractor shall reimburse State within 30 calendar days for full amount of outstanding cost State has incurred, or the Engineer will deduct cost from progress payment.

The Engineer will not pay for work to repair or to compensate for damages caused by dust or water.

The Engineer may assess liquidated damages up to \$27,500 per day for non-compliance of each BMP requirement and all other requirements in this section in accordance with HDOT's Enforcement Response Plan.

Appendix A

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The following list identifies potential pollutant sources and corresponding BMPs used to mitigate the pollutants. Each BMP is referenced to the corresponding section of the current HDOT Construction Best Management Practices Field Manual or appropriate Supplemental Sheets. The Manual may be obtained from the HDOT Statewide Stormwater Management Program Website at http://www.stormwaterhawaii.com/resources/contractors-and-consultants/ under Construction Best Management Practices Field Manual. Supplemental BMP sheets are located at http://www.stormwaterhawaii.com/resources/contractorsand-consultants/storm-water-pollution-prevention-plan-swppp/ under Concrete Curing and Irrigation Water.

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| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|---|---|---|
| Construction debris, green waste, general | Separate contaminated clean up materials from construction and demolition (C&D) wastes. | See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6. |
| litter | Provide waste containers (e.g., dumpster or trash receptacle) of sufficient size and number to contain construction and domestic wastes. | Protect Storm Drain Inlets SC-1, and Perimeter Sediment Controls where |
| | Inspect construction waste and recycling areas regularly. | applicable. |
| | Schedule solid waste collection regularly. | |
| | Schedule recycling activities based on construction/demolition phases. | |
| | Empty waste containers weekly or when they are two-thirds full, whichever is sooner. | |
| | Do not allow containers to overflow. Clean up immediately if they do. | |
| | On work days, clean up and dispose of waste in designated waste containers. | |
| | See Solid Waste Management Section SM- 6 for additional requirements. | |
| | Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. | |
| | Collect and dispose of all waste materials in trash dumpsters. Place dumpsters, with secure watertight lids, away from storm water conveyances and drains, in a covered materials storage area. | |
| | Dispose of construction and non- construction solid waste in accordance with State DOH regs. | |
| | Load removed non- recyclable vegetation directly onto trucks; cover and transport to a licensed facility | |

Materials
associated
with the
operation and
maintenance
of equipment,
such as oil,
fuel, and
hydraulic fluid
leakage

- Use off-site wash racks, repair and maintenance facilities, and fueling sites when practical.
- Designate bermed wash area if cleaning on site is necessary.
- Place drip pans or drop cloths under vehicles and equipment to absorb spills or leaks.
- Provide an ample supply of readily available spill cleanup materials.
- Clean up spills immediately, using dry clean-up methods where possible, and dispose of used materials properly.
- Do not clean surfaces or spills by hosing the area down.
- Eliminate the source of the spill to prevent a discharge or a continuation of an ongoing discharge.
- Inspect on-site vehicles and equipment regularly and immediately repair leaks.
- Regularly inspect fueling areas and storage tanks.
- Train employees on proper maintenance and spill practices and procedures and fueling and cleanup procedures.
- Store diesel fuel, oil, hydraulic fluid, or other petroleum products or other chemicals in water-tight containers and provide cover or secondary containment.
- Do not remove original product labels and comply with manufacturer's labels for proper disposal.
- Dispose of containers only after all the product has been used.

See Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning, Maintenance, and Refueling, Sections SM-11, SM-12, and SM-13, and Material Delivery, Storage and Material Use Sections SM-2, and Spill Prevention and Control SM-10.

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|---------------------|---|---------------------|
| | Dispose of or recycle oil or oily wastes according to Federal, State, and Local requirements. | |
| | Store soaps, detergents, or solvents under cover or other means to prevent contact with rainwater. | |
| | See Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning, Maintenance, and Refueling, Sections SM- 11, SM-12, and SM-13 and Material Storage and Handling Section SM-2 for additional requirements. | |

Soil erosion from the disturbed areas

- Provide Soil Stabilization, Slope Protection, Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, Perimeter Controls and Sediment Barriers, Sediment Basins and Detention Ponds, Check Dams SC-3, Level Spreader EC-6, Paving Operations SM-20, Construction Road Stabilization SC-10, Controlling Storm Water Flowing Onto and Through the Project, Post-Construction BMPs, and Non-Structural BMPs (Employee Training SM-1, Scheduling SM-14, Location of Potential Sources of Sediment SM-15, Preservation of Existing Vegetation SM-17).
- Delineate, and clearly mark off, with flags, tape, or other similar marking device all natural buffer areas defined in the SWPPP.
- Preserve native topsoil where practicable.
- In areas where vegetative stabilization will occur, restrict vehicle/equipment use in areas to avoid soil compaction or condition soil to promote vegetative growth.
- For Storm Drain Inlet Protection, clean, or remove and replace, the protection measures as sediment accumulates, the filter becomes clogged, and/or performance is compromised.
- Where there is evidence of sediment accumulation adjacent to the inlet protection measure, remove the deposited sediment by the end of the same day in which it is found or by the end of the following work day if removal by the same day is not feasible.
- Sediment basins shall be designed and maintained in accordance with HAR Chapter 11-55.

Soil Stabilization

- 1. SM-22 Topsoil Management
- 2. EC-12
 Seeding and
 Planting
- 3. EC-14 Mulching
- 4. EC-11
 Geotextiles
 and Mats

Slope Protection

- 1. EC-12
 Seeding and
 Planting
- 2. EC-14
 Mulching
- 3. EC-11
 Geotextiles
 and Mats
- 4. EC-4 Slope
 Roughening,
 Terracing,
 and
 Rounding
- 5. EC-7 Slope
 Drains and
 Subsurface
 Drains
- 6. EC-9 Top
 and Toe of
 Slope
 Diversion

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|---------------------|--|--|
| | Minimize disturbance on steep slopes (Greater than 15% in grade). | Ditches and Berms |
| | If disturbance of steep slopes are unavoidable, phase disturbances and use stabilization techniques designed for steep grades. For temporary drains and swales use velocity dissipation devices within and at the outlet to minimize erosive flow velocities. | SC-1 Storm Drain Inlet Protection Perimeter Controls and Sediment Barriers 1. SC-7 Silt Fence 2. SC-2 Vegetated Filter Strips and Buffers 3. SC-6 Compost Filter Berm 4. SC-8 Sandbag Barrier 5. SC-9 Brush or Rock Filter |
| | | Sediment Basins and Detention Ponds 1. SC-4 Sediment Trap 2. SC-5 Sediment Basin |

SC-3 Check Dams EC-6 Level Spreader SM-20 Paving Operations SC-10 Construction Road Stabilization Controlling Storm Water Flowing onto and Through the Project 1. EC-3 Run-On Diversion 2. EC-5 Earth Dike, Temporary Drains and **Swales** Post Construction **BMPs** 1. EC-2 Flared Culvert End Sections 2. EC-10 Rip-Rap and Gabion Inflow Protection 3. EC-8 Outlet Protection and Velocity

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|---------------------|--|--|
| 52 | | Dissipation Devices |
| | | 4. SM-22 Topsoil Managemen |
| | | Non-Structural BMPs |
| | | 1. SM-1 Employee Training |
| | | 2. SM-14 Scheduling |
| | | 3. SM-15 Location of Potential Sources of Sediment |
| | | 4. SM-17 Preservation of Existing Vegetation |

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Sediment from soil stockpiles | Locate stockpiles a minimum of 50 feet or as far as practicable from concentrated runoff or outside of any natural buffers identified on the SWPPP. | See Protection of Stockpiles Section SM-3. Protect Storm Drain Inlets |
| | Place bagged materials on pallets and under cover. | SC-1, and Perimeter Sediment |
| | Provide physical diversion to protect stockpiles from concentrated runoff. | Controls where applicable. |
| | Cover stockpiles with plastic or comparable material when practicable. | |
| | Place silt fence, fiber filtration tubes, or straw wattles around stockpiles. | |
| | Do not hose down or sweep soil or sediment accumulated on pavement or other impervious surfaces into any storm water conveyance (unless connected to a sediment basin, sediment trap, or similarly effective control), storm drain inlet, or state water. | |
| | Unless infeasible, contain and securely protect stockpiles from the wind. | |
| | Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. | |
| | See Protection of Stockpiles Section SM-3 for additional requirements. | |

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Emulsified asphalt or prime/tack coat | Provide training for employees and contractors on proper material delivery and storage practices and procedures. Restrict paving operations during wet weather to prevent paving materials from being discharged. Use asphalt emulsions such as prime coat when possible. Protect drain inlet structures and manholes during application of tack coat, seal coat, slurry seal, and fog seal. Keep ample supplies of drip pans and absorbent materials on site. Inspect inlet protection devices. See Material Delivery and Storage Section SM-2 and Paving Operations Section SM-20 for additional requirements. Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. | See Material Delivery, Storage, and Material Use Section SM-2, Paving Operations Section SM-20, Protect Storm Drain Inlets SC-1, and Perimeter Sediment Controls where applicable. |

Materials
associated
with painting,
such as paint
and paint
wash solvent

- Hazardous chemicals shall be well-labeled and stored in original containers.
- Keep ample supply of cleanup materials on site.
- Dispose container only after all of the product has been used.
- Remove as much paint from brushes on painted surface.
- Rinse from water-based paints shall be discharged into the sanitary sewer system where possible. If not, direct all washwater into a leak-proof container or leak-proof pit. The container or pit must be designed so that no overflows can occur due to inadequate sizing or precipitation.
- Locate on-site wash area a minimum of 50 feet away or as far as practicable from storm drain inlets, open drainage facilities, or water bodies.
- Do not dump liquid wastes into the storm drainage system.
- Filter and re-use solvents and thinners.
- Dispose of oil-based paints and residue as a hazardous waste.
- Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with regulations.
- Immediately clean up spills and leaks.
- Properly store paints, solvents, and epoxy compounds.
- Properly store and dispose waste materials generated from painting and structure repair and construction activities.
- Mix paints in a covered and contained area when possible to minimize adverse impacts from spills.

See Material Delivery, Storage and Material Use Section SM-2, Hazardous Waste Management Section SM-9, Waste Management, Spill Prevention and Control Section SM-10, and Structure Construction and Painting Section SM-21, Protect Storm Drain Inlets SC-1, and Perimeter Sediment Controls where applicable.

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|---------------------|--|---------------------|
| | Do not apply traffic paint or thermoplastic if rain is forecasted. | |
| | See Material Delivery, Storage, and Material Use SM-2, Waste Management, Hazardous Waste Management Section SM-9, Waste Management, Spill Prevention and Control Section SM-10, and Structure Construction and Painting Section SM-21 for additional requirements. | |
| | Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. | |

Industrial chemicals, fertilizers, and/or pesticides

- Hazardous chemicals shall be well-labeled and stored in original containers.
- Keep ample supply of cleanup materials on site.
- Clean up spills immediately, using dry clean-up methods where possible, and dispose of used materials properly.
- Do not clean surfaces or spills by hosing the area down.
- Eliminate the source of the spill to prevent a discharge or a furtherance of an ongoing discharge.
- Dispose container only after all of the product has been used.
- Retain a complete set of safety data sheets (formerly MSDS) on site.
- Store industrial chemicals in water-tight containers and provide either cover or secondary containment.
- Provide cover when storing fertilizers or pesticides to prevent these chemicals from coming into contact with rainwater.
- Restrict amount of pesticide prepared to quantity necessary for the current application.
- Do not apply fertilizers or pesticides during or just before a rain event.
- Do not apply to stormwater conveyance channels with flowing water
- Comply with fertilizer and pesticide manufacturer's recommended usage and disposal instructions. Document departures from manufacturer's specifications in Attachment J.

See Material
Delivery, Storage,
and Material Use
Section SM-2, and
Hazardous Waste
Management
Section SM-9, and
Spill Prevention
and Control SM-10

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|---------------------|---|---------------------|
| | Apply fertilizers at the appropriate time of year for the location, and preferably timed to coincide as closely as possible to the period of maximum vegetation uptake and growth. | |
| | Follow federal, state, and local laws regarding fertilizer application. | |
| | Do not dispose of toxic liquid wastes (solvents, used oils, and paints) or chemicals (additives, acids, and curing compounds) in dumpsters allocated for construction debris. | |
| | Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with regulations. Hazardous waste that cannot be reused or recycled shall be disposed of by a licensed hazardous waste hauler. | |
| | See Material Delivery, Storage, and Material Use SM-2, and Waste Management, Hazardous Waste Management Section SM-9 for additional requirements. | |

Hazardous waste (Batteries, Solvents, Treated Lumber, etc.)

- Do not dispose of toxic materials in dumpsters allocated for construction debris.
- Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with regulations.
- Hazardous waste that cannot be reused or recycled shall be disposed of by a licensed hazardous waste hauler.
- Segregate and recycle wastes from vehicle/equipment maintenance activities such as used oil or oil filters, greases, cleaning solutions, antifreeze, automotive batteries, and hydraulic and transmission fluids.
- Store waste in sealed containers, which are constructed of suitable materials to prevent leakage and corrosion, and which are labeled in accordance with applicable Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) requirements and all other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.
- All containers stored outside shall be kept away from surface waters and within appropriately-sized secondary containment (e.g., spill berms, decks, spill containment pallets). Provide cover if possible.
- Clean up spills immediately, using dry clean-up methods where possible, and dispose of used materials properly.
- Do not clean surfaces or spills by hosing the area down.
- Eliminate the source of the spill to prevent a discharge or a continuation of an ongoing discharge.
- Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with

See Hazardous
Waste
Management
Section SM-9 and
Vehicle and
Equipment
Maintenance SM12

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|---------------------|--|---------------------|
| | manufacturer's recommendations and is in compliance with federal, state, and local requirements. | |
| | See Hazardous Waste Management Section SM-9 and Vehicle and Equipment Management, Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance SM-12 for additional requirements. | |

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Metals and Building Materials | Inspect construction waste and recycling areas regularly. Schedule solid waste collection regularly. If building materials or metals are stored on site (such as rebar or galvanized poles) store under cover under tarps or in containers. Minimize the amount of material stored on site. Do not stockpile uncovered metals or other building materials in close proximity to | See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6 |
| | discharge points. See Solid Waste Management Section SM- 6 for additional requirements. | |
| Contaminated Soil | See Waste Management, Contaminated Soil Management Section SM-8 and/or Hazardous Waste Management Section SM-9 for additional requirements. At minimum contain contaminated material soil by surrounding with impermeable lined berms or cover exposed contaminated material with plastic sheets. | See Waste Management, Contaminated Soil Management Section SM-8 and/or Hazardous Waste Management Section SM-9 |

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| Fugitive Dust Control and Dust Control Water | Do not over spray water for dust control purposes which will result in runoff from the area. | See Dust Control Section SM-19 |
| VYCILO | Apply water as conditions require. Washing down of debris or dirt into drainage, sewage systems, or State waters is not allowed. | |
| | Minimize exposed areas through the schedule of construction activities. | |
| | Utilize vegetation, mulching, sprinkling, and stone/gravel layering to quickly stabilize exposed soil. | |
| | Direct construction vehicle traffic to stabilized roadways. | |
| | Cover dump trucks hauling material from the site with a tarpaulin. | |
| | See Dust Control Section SM-19 for additional requirements. | |

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Concrete Truck Wash Water | Disposal of concrete truck wash water via percolation is prohibited. Wash concrete-coated vehicles or equipment off-site or in the designated wash area. | See Waste Management, Concrete Waste Management Section SM-4 |
| | Locate on-site wash area a minimum of 50 feet away or as far as practicable from storm drain inlets, open drainage facilities, or water bodies. | |
| | Runoff from the on-site concrete wash area shall be contained in a temporary pit or level bermed area where the concrete can set. | |
| | Design the area so that no overflow can occur due to inadequate wash area sizing or precipitation. | |
| | The temporary pit shall be lined with plastic to prevent seepage of wash water into the ground. | |
| | Allow wash water to evaporate or collect wash water and all concrete debris in a concrete washout system bin. | |
| | Do not dump liquid wastes into storm drainage system. | |
| | Dispose of liquid and solid concrete wastes in compliance with federal, state, and local standards. | |
| | See Waste Management, Concrete Waste Management Section SM-4 for additional requirements. | |

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| Sediment Track-Out | Include Stabilized Construction Entrance at all points that exit onto paved roads. A sediment trapping device is required if a wash rack is used in conjunction with the stabilized construction entrance/exit. | See Stabilized Construction Entrance Section SC-11 |
| | The pavement shall not be cleaned by washing down the street. | |
| | If sweeping is ineffective or it is necessary to wash the streets, wash water must be contained either by construction of a sump, diverting the water to an acceptable disposal area, or vacuuming the wash water. | |
| | Use BMPs for adjacent drainage structures. | |
| | Remove sediment tracked onto the street by the end of the day in which the track-out occurs. | |
| | Restrict vehicle use to properly designated exit points. | |
| | Include additional BMPs that remove sediment prior to exit when minimum dimensions can not be met. | |
| | See Stabilized Construction Entrance Section SC-11 for additional requirements. | |

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Water | Consider irrigation requirements. Where possible, avoid species which require irrigation. Design timing and application methods of irrigation water to eliminate the runoff of excess irrigation water into the storm water drainage system. See Seeding and Planting Section EC-12 | See Seeding and Planting Section EC-12 and California Stormwater BMP Handbook SD-12 Efficient Irrigation |
| | and California Stormwater BMP Handbook SD-12 Efficient Irrigation included in SWPPP Attachment A for additional requirements. | |
| Hydrotesting Effluent | • If work includes removing, relocation or installing waterlines, and Contractor elects to flush waterline or discharge hydrotesting effluent into State waters or drainage systems, the Contractor shall prepare and obtain HDOT acceptance of a NOI/NPDES Permit Form F application for HDOT submittal to DOH CWB at least 30 calendar days prior to the start of Hydrotesting Activities if necessary. Site specific BMPs will be included in the NOI/NPDES Permit Form F submittal. | Site specific BMPs will be included in the NOI/NPDES Permit Form F submittal. |

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Dewatering Effluent | If excavation or backfilling operations require dewatering, and Contractor elects to discharge dewatering effluent into State waters or existing drainage systems, Contractor shall prepare and obtain HDOT acceptance of a NOI/NPDES Permit Form G application for HDOT submittal to DOH CWB at least 30 calendar days prior to the start of Dewatering Activities if necessary. See Site Planning and General Practices, Dewatering Operations Section SM-18 for additional requirements. | See Dewatering Operations SM-18. Site specific BMPs will be included in the NOI/NPDES Permit Form G submittal. |
| Saw-cutting Slurry | Saw cut slurry shall be removed from the site by vacuuming. Provide storm drain protection during saw cutting. See Paving Operations Section SM-20 for additional requirements. Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. | See Paving Operations Section SM-20, Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, Perimeter sediment controls where applicable |
| Concrete Curing Water | Avoid overspraying of curing compounds. Apply an amount of compound that covers the surface, but does not allow any runoff of the compound. See California Stormwater BMP Handbook NS-12 Concrete Curing included in SWPPP Attachment A for additional requirements. | See California Stormwater BMP Handbook NS-12 Concrete Curing |
| Plaster Waste Water | Direct all washwater into a leak-proof container or leak-proof pit. The container or pit must be designed so that no overflows can occur due to inadequate sizing or precipitation. Locate on-site wash area a minimum of 50 feet away or as far as practicable from | See Material Delivery, Storage, and Material Use Section SM-2, and Hazardous Waste Management Section SM-9 |

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|---------------------|--|---------------------|
| | storm drain inlets, open drainage facilities, or water bodies. | |
| | Any significant residual materials remaining on the ground after the completion of construction shall be removed and properly disposed. If the residual materials contaminate the soil, then the contaminated soil shall also be removed and properly disposed of. | |
| | Plaster waste water shall not be allowed to flow into drainage structures or State waters. | |
| | See Material Delivery, Storage, and Material Use SM-2, and Hazardous Waste Management Section SM-9 for additional requirements. | |

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Water-Jet Wash Water | For Water-Jet Wash Water used to clean vehicles, use off site wash racks or commercial washing facilities when practical. | See Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning Section SM-11 |
| | See Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning Section SM-11 for additional information. | |
| | For Water-Jet Wash Water used to clean impervious surfaces, the runoff shall not be allowed to flow into drainage structures or State Waters. | |
| Sanitary/Septic Waste | Locate Sanitary facilities in a convenient place away from drainage facilities. | See Sanitary/Septic Waste Section SM- |
| | Position sanitary facilities so they are secure and will not be tipped over or knocked down. | 7. |
| | Wastewater shall not be discharged to the ground or buried. | |
| | A licensed service provider shall maintain sanitary/septic facilities in good working order. | |
| | Schedule regular waste collection by a licensed transporter. | |
| | See Sanitary/Septic Waste Section SM-7 for additional requirements. | |

| Source Soil erosion from the disturbed areas * Provide Soil Stabilization, Slope Protection. Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-2, Perimeter Controls and Sediment Barriers, Sediment Basins and Detention Ponds, Check Dams SC-9, Level Spreader SC-10, Paving Operations SM-19, Construction Road Stabilization EC-1, Controlling Storm Water Flowing Onto and Through the Project, Post-Construction BMPs, and Non-Structural BMPs (Employee Training SM-1, Scheduling SM-14, Location of Potential Sources of Sediment SM-15, Preservation of Existing Vegetation SM-16). * Delineate, and clearly mark off, with flags, tape, or other similar marking device all natural buffer areas defined in the SWPPP. * Preserve native topsoil where practicable. * In areas where vegetative stabilization will occur, restrict vehicle/equipment use in areas to avoid soil compaction or condition soil to promote vegetative growth. * For Storm Drain Inlet Protection, clean, or remove and replace, the protection measures as sediment accumulates, the filter becomes clogged, and/or performance is compromised. * Where there is evidence of sediment accumulation adjacent to the inlet protection measure, remove the deposited sediment by the end of the same day in which it is found or by the end of the following work day if removal by the same day is not feasible. * Sediment basins shall be designed and maintained in accordance with HAR 11-55. * Minimize disturbance on steep slopes (Greater than 15% in grade). * If disturbance of steep slopes are unavoidable, phase disturbances and use stabilization techniques designed for steep grades. * For temporary drains and swales use velocity dissipation devices within and at the outlet to | Pollutant | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be | BMP |
|--|--|--|--|
| Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-2, Perimeter Controls and Sediment Barriers, Sediment Basins and Detention Ponds, Check Dams SC-9, Level Spreader SC-10, Paving Operations SM-19, Construction Road Stabilization EC-1, Controlling Storm Water Flowing Onto and Through the Project, Post-Construction BMPs, and Non-Structural BMPs (Employee Training SM-1, Scheduling SM-14, Location of Potential Sources of Sediment SM-15, Preservation of Existing Vegetation SM-16). • Delineate, and clearly mark off, with flags, tape, or other similar marking device all natural buffer areas defined in the SWPPP. • Preserve native topsoil where practicable. • In areas where vegetative stabilization will occur, restrict vehicle/equipment use in areas to avoid soil compaction or condition soil to promote vegetative growth. • For Storm Drain Inlet Protection, clean, or remove and replace, the protection measures as sediment accumulates, the filter becomes clogged, and/or performance is compromised. • Where there is evidence of sediment accumulation adjacent to the inlet protection measure, remove the deposited sediment by the end of the same day in which it is found or by the end of the following work day if removal by the same day is not feasible. • Sediment basins shall be designed and maintained in accordance with HAR 11-55. • Minimize disturbance on steep slopes (Greater than 15% in grade). • If disturbance of steep slopes are unavoidable, phase disturbances and use stabilization techniques designed for steep grades. • For temporary drains and swales use velocity dissipation devices within and at the outlet to | DA TRANSPORTATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE | the control of the co | Requirements |
| minimize erosive flow velocities. SC-2 Storm Drain Inlet | Source Soil erosion from the disturbed | Implemented Provide Soil Stabilization, Slope Protection, Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-2, Perimeter Controls and Sediment Barriers, Sediment Basins and Detention Ponds, Check Dams SC-9, Level Spreader SC-10, Paving Operations SM-19, Construction Road Stabilization EC-1, Controlling Storm Water Flowing Onto and Through the Project, Post-Construction BMPs, and Non-Structural BMPs (Employee Training SM-1, Scheduling SM-14, Location of Potential Sources of Sediment SM-15, Preservation of Existing Vegetation SM-16). Delineate, and clearly mark off, with flags, tape, or other similar marking device all natural buffer areas defined in the SWPPP. Preserve native topsoil where practicable. In areas where vegetative stabilization will occur, restrict vehicle/equipment use in areas to avoid soil compaction or condition soil to promote vegetative growth. For Storm Drain Inlet Protection, clean, or remove and replace, the protection measures as sediment accumulates, the filter becomes clogged, and/or performance is compromised. Where there is evidence of sediment accumulation adjacent to the inlet protection measure, remove the deposited sediment by the end of the following work day if removal by the same day is not feasible. Sediment basins shall be designed and maintained in accordance with HAR 11-55. Minimize disturbance on steep slopes (Greater than 15% in grade). If disturbance of steep slopes are unavoidable, phase disturbances and use stabilization techniques designed for steep grades. For temporary drains and swales use velocity | Soil Stabilization 5. SM-21 Topsoil Management 6. EC-5 Seeding and Planting 7. EC-6 Mulching 8. EC-7 Geotextiles and Mats Slope Protection 7. EC-5 Seeding and Planting 8. EC-6 Mulching 9. EC-7 Geotextiles and Mats 10. EC-9 Slope Roughening, Terracing, and Rounding 11. SC-11 Slope Drains and Subsurface Drains 12. SC-12 Top and Toe of Slope Diversion Ditches and Berms SC-2 Storm |

| Pollutant | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be | ВМР |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Source | Implemented | Requirements |
| | | Perimeter |
| | | Controls and |
| | | Sediment |
| | | Barriers |
| | | 6. SC-1 Silt |
| | | Fence |
| | | 7. SC-5 |
| | | Vegetated |
| | | Filter Strips |
| | | and Buffers |
| | | 8. SC-8 |
| | | Compost Filter |
| | | Berm |
| | | 9. SC-13 |
| | | Sandbag |
| | | Barrier |
| | | 10. SC-14 |
| | | Brush or Rock |
| | | Filter |
| | | ASSAS (SECT.) (96 |
| | | Sediment |
| | | Basins and |
| | | Detention |
| | | Ponds |
| | | 3. SC-15 |
| | | Sediment Trap |
| | | 4. SC-16 |
| | | Sediment |
| | | Basin |
| | | 0000 |
| | | SC-9 Check |
| | | Dams |
| | | SC-10 Level |
| | | Spreader |
| | | SM-19 Paving |
| | | Operations |
| | | EC-1 |
| | | Construction |
| | | Road |
| | | Stabilization |
| Ų. | | Glabilization |

| Pollutant | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be | ВМР |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Source | Implemented | Requirements |
| | | Controlling |
| | | Storm Water |
| | | Flowing onto |
| | | and Through |
| | | the Project |
| | | 3. EC-8 |
| | | Run-On |
| | | Diversion |
| | | 4. SC-6 |
| | | Earth Dike |
| | | 5. SC-7 |
| | | Temporary |
| | | Drains and |
| | | Swales |
| | | Post |
| | | Construction |
| | | BMPs |
| | | 5. EC-4 |
| | | Flared Culvert |
| | | End Sections |
| | | 6. SC-3 Rip- |
| | | Rap and |
| | | Gabion Inflow |
| | | Protection |
| | | 7. SC-4 |
| | | Outlet |
| | | Protection and |
| | | Velocity |
| | | Dissipation |
| | | Devices |
| | | 8. SM-21 |
| | | Topsoil Management |
| | | Management |

| Pollutant | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be | ВМР |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Source | Implemented | Requirements |
| | | Non-Structural |
| | | BMPs |
| | | 1. SM-1 |
| | | Employee |
| | | Training |
| | | 2. SM-14 |
| | | Scheduling |
| | | 3. SM-15 |
| | | Location of |
| | | Potential |
| | | Sources of |
| | | Sediment |
| | | 4. SM-16 |
| | | Preservation |
| | | of Existing |
| | | Vegetation |

| Pollutant | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Source Sediment from soil stockpiles | Locate stockpiles a minimum of 50 feet or as far as practicable from concentrated runoff or outside of any natural buffers identified on the SWPPP. Place bagged materials on pallets and under cover. Provide physical diversion to protect stockpiles from concentrated runoff. Cover stockpiles with plastic or comparable material when practicable. Place silt fence, fiber filtration tubes, or straw wattles around stockpiles. Do not hose down or sweep soil or sediment accumulated on pavement or other impervious surfaces into any storm water conveyance (unless connected to a sediment basin, sediment trap, or similarly effective control), storm drain inlet, or state water. Unless infeasible, contain and securely protect stockpiles from the wind. Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. See Protection of Stockpiles Section SM-4 for additional requirements. | Requirements See Protection of Stockpiles Section SM-4. Protect Storm Drain Inlets SC-2, and Perimeter Sediment Controls where applicable. |
| Emulsified asphalt or prime/tack coat | Provide training for employees and contractors on proper material delivery and storage practices and procedures. Restrict paving operations during wet weather to prevent paving materials from being discharged. Use asphalt emulsions such as prime coat when possible. Protect drain inlet structures and manholes during application of tack coat, seal coat, slurry seal, and fog seal. Keep ample supplies of drip pans and absorbent materials on site. Inspect inlet protection devices. See Material Delivery and Storage Section SM-2 and Paving Operations Section SM-19 for additional requirements. Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. | See Material Delivery and Storage Section SM-2 and Material Use Section SM-3, Paving Operations Section SM- 19, Protect Storm Drain Inlets SC-2, and Perimeter Sediment Controls where applicable. |

| Pollutant | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | ВМР |
|-------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Source | | Requirements |
| Materials | Hazardous chemicals shall be well-labeled and | See Material |
| associated | stored in original containers. | Delivery and |
| with | Keep ample supply of cleanup materials on site. | Storage |
| painting, | Dispose container only after all of the product has | Section SM-2, Material Use |
| 50 D S 00400 | been used. | Section SM-3, |
| such as | Remove as much paint from brushes on painted | Hazardous |
| paint and | surface. | Waste |
| paint wash | Rinse from water-based paints shall be | Management |
| solvent | discharged into the sanitary sewer system where | Section SM-9, |
| | possible. If not, direct all washwater into a leak-proof | Waste |
| | container or leak-proof pit. The container or pit must | Management, |
| | be designed so that no overflows can occur due to | Spill Prevention |
| | inadequate sizing or precipitation. | and Control |
| | Locate on-site wash area a minimum of 50 feet | Section SM-10, |
| | away or as far as practicable from storm drain inlets, | and Structure |
| | open drainage facilities, or water bodies. | Construction |
| | Do not dump liquid wastes into the storm | and Painting |
| | drainage system. | Section SM-20, Protect Storm |
| | Filter and re-use solvents and thinners. | Drain Inlets |
| | Dispose of oil-based paints and residue as a | SC-2, and |
| | hazardous waste. | Perimeter |
| | Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of | Sediment |
| | hazardous waste complies with regulations. | Controls |
| | Immediately clean up spills and leaks | where |
| | Properly store paints, solvents, and epoxy | applicable. |
| | compounds. | |
| | Properly store and dispose waste materials | |
| | generated from painting and structure repair and | |
| | construction activities. | |
| | Mix paints in a covered and contained area when | |
| | possible to minimize adverse impacts from spills. | |
| | Do not apply traffic paint or thermoplastic if rain is | |
| | forecasted. | |
| | See Material Delivery and Storage Section SM-2, | |
| | Material Use SM-3, Waste Management, Hazardous | |
| | Waste Management Section SM-9, Waste | |
| | Management, Spill Prevention and Control Section | |
| | SM-10, and Structure Construction and Painting | |
| | Section SM-20 for additional requirements. | |
| | Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Parise stor Controls as applied black. | |
| | Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. | |

| Pollutant | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP |
|---|--|------------------|
| Source | | Requirements |
| Industrial | Hazardous chemicals shall be well-labeled and | See Material |
| chemicals, | stored in original containers. | Delivery and |
| fertilizers, | Keep ample supply of cleanup materials on site. | Storage |
| and/or | Clean up spills immediately, using dry clean-up | Section SM-2, |
| Part of the State | methods where possible, and dispose of used | Material Use |
| pesticides | materials properly. | Section SM-3, |
| | Do not clean surfaces or spills by hosing the area | and Hazardous |
| | down. | Waste |
| | Eliminate the source of the spill to prevent a | Management |
| | discharge or a furtherance of an ongoing discharge. | Section SM-9, |
| | Dispose container only after all of the product has | and Spill |
| | been used. | Prevention |
| | Retain a complete set of material safety data | and Control |
| | sheets on site. | SM-10 |
| | Store industrial chemicals in water-tight containers and provide either cover or secondary | |
| | containment. | |
| | | |
| | Provide cover when storing tertilizers or pesticides to prevent these chemicals from coming | |
| | into contact with rainwater. | |
| | Restrict amount of pesticide prepared to quantity | |
| | necessary for the current application. | |
| | Do not apply fertilizers or pesticides during or just | |
| | before a rain event. | |
| | Do not apply to stormwater conveyance channels | |
| | with flowing water. | |
| | Comply with fertilizer and pesticide | |
| | manufacturer's recommended usage instructions. | |
| | Follow federal, state, and local laws regarding | |
| | fertilizer application. | |
| | Do not dispose of toxic liquid wastes (solvents, | |
| | used oils, and paints) or chemicals (additives, acids, | |
| | and curing compounds) in dumpsters allocated for | |
| | construction debris. | |
| | Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of | |
| | hazardous waste complies with regulations. | |
| | Hazardous waste that cannot be reused or recycled | |
| | shall be disposed of by a licensed hazardous waste | |
| | hauler. | |
| | See Material Delivery and Storage Section SM2, Material Lies SM 3, and Wests Management. | |
| | Material Use SM-3, and Waste Management, Hazardous Waste Management Section SM-9 for | |
| | additional requirements. | |
| <u> </u> | additional requirements. | D 59 |

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|---|---|---|
| Hazardous waste (Batteries, Solvents, Treated Lumber, etc.) | Do not dispose of toxic materials in dumpsters allocated for construction debris. Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with regulations. Hazardous waste that cannot be reused or recycled shall be disposed of by a licensed hazardous waste hauler. Segregate and recycle wastes from vehicle/ equipment maintenance activities such as used oil or oil filters, greases, cleaning solutions, antifreeze, automotive batteries, and hydraulic and transmission fluids. Store waste in sealed containers, which are constructed of suitable materials to prevent leakage and corrosion, and which are labeled in accordance with applicable Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) requirements and all other applicable federal, state, and local requirements. All containers stored outside shall be kept away from surface waters and within appropriately-sized secondary containment (e.g., spill berms, decks, spill containment pallets). Provide cover if possible. Clean up spills immediately, using dry clean-up methods where possible, and dispose of used materials properly. Do not clean surfaces or spills by hosing the area down. Eliminate the source of the spill to prevent a discharge or a continuation of an ongoing discharge. Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with manufacturer's recommendations and is in compliance with federal, state, and local requirements. See Hazardous Waste Management Section SM-9 and Vehicle and Equipment Management, Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance SM-12 for additional requirements. | See Hazardous Waste Management Section SM-9 and Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance SM-12 |

| Pollutant | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be | ВМР |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Source | Implemented | Requirements |
| Metals and Building Materials | Inspect construction waste and recycling areas regularly. Schedule solid waste collection regularly. If building materials or metals are stored on site (such as rebar or galvanized poles) store under cover under tarps or in containers. Minimize the amount of material stored on site. Do not stockpile uncovered metals or other building materials in close proximity to discharge points. See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6 for additional requirements. | See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6 |
| Contaminated Soil | See Waste Management, Contaminated Soil Management Section SM-8 and/or Hazardous Waste Management Section SM-9 for additional requirements. At minimum contain contaminated material soil by surrounding with impermeable lined berms or cover exposed contaminated material with plastic sheets. | See Waste Management, Contaminated Soil Management Section SM-8 and/or Hazardous Waste Management Section SM-9 |
| Dust Control Water | Do not over spray water for dust control purposes which will result in runoff from the area. Apply water as conditions require. Washing down of debris or dirt into drainage, sewage systems, or State waters is not allowed. See Dust Control Section SM-18 for additional requirements. | See Dust Control Section SM-18 |
| Concrete Truck Wash Water | Disposal of concrete truck wash water via percolation is prohibited. Wash concrete-coated vehicles or equipment off-site or in the designated wash area. Locate on-site wash area a minimum of 50 feet away or as far as practicable from storm drain inlets, open drainage facilities, or water bodies. Runoff from the on-site concrete wash area shall be contained in a temporary pit or level bermed area where the concrete can set. Design the area so that no overflow can occur due to inadequate wash area sizing or precipitation. | See Waste Management, Concrete Waste Management Section SM-5 |

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|-----------------------|--|---|
| | The temporary pit shall be lined with plastic to prevent seepage of wash water into the ground. Allow wash water to evaporate or collect wash water and all concrete debris in a concrete washout system bin. Do not dump liquid wastes into storm drainage system. Dispose of liquid and solid concrete wastes in compliance with federal, state, and local standards. See Waste Management, Concrete Waste Management Section SM-5 for additional requirements. | |
| Sediment Track-Out | Include Stabilized Construction Entrance at all points that exit onto paved roads. A sediment trapping device is required if a wash rack is used in conjunction with the stabilized construction entrance/exit. The pavement shall not be cleaned by washing down the street. If sweeping is ineffective or it is necessary to wash the streets, wash water must be contained either by construction of a sump, diverting the water to an acceptable disposal area, or vacuuming the wash water. Use BMPs for adjacent drainage structures. Remove sediment tracked onto the street by the end of the day in which the track-out occurs. Restrict vehicle use to properly designated exit points. Include additional BMPs which remove sediment prior to exit when minimum dimensions can not be met. See Stabilized Construction Entrance Section EC-2 for additional requirements. | See Stabilized Construction Entrance Section EC-2 |

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Irrigation Water | Consider irrigation requirements. Where possible, avoid species which require irrigation. Design timing and application methods of irrigation water to eliminate the runoff of excess irrigation water into the storm water drainage system. See Seeding and Planting Section EC-5 and California Stormwater BMP Handbook SD-12 Efficient Irrigation at http://www.stormwaterhawaii.com/resources/contractors-and-consultants/storm-water-pollution-prevention-plan-swppp/under Irrigation Water for additional requirements. | See Seeding and Planting Section EC-5 and California Stormwater BMP Handbook SD-12 Efficient Irrigation |
| Hydrotesting Effluent | • If work includes removing, relocation or installing waterlines, and Contractor elects to flush waterline or discharge hydrotesting effluent into State waters or drainage systems, the Contractor shall prepare and obtain HDOT acceptance of a NOI/NPDES Permit Form F application for HDOT submittal to DOH CWB at least 30 calendar days prior to the start of Hydrotesting Activities if necessary. Site-Specific BMPs will be included in the NOI/NPDES Permit Form F submittal. | Site-Specific BMPs will be included in the NOI/NPDES Permit Form F submittal. |
| Dewatering Effluent | • If excavation or backfilling operations require dewatering, and Contractor elects to discharge dewatering effluent into State waters or existing drainage systems, Contractor shall prepare and obtain HDOT acceptance of a NOI/NPDES Permit Form G application for HDOT submittal to DOH CWB at least 30 calendar days prior to the start of Dewatering Activities if necessary. See Site Planning and General Practices, Dewatering Operations Section SM-17 for additional requirements. | See Dewatering Operations SM- 17. Site- Specific BMPs will be included in the NOI/NPDES Permit Form G submittal. |

| Pollutant | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be | ВМР |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Source | Implemented | Requirements |
| Saw-cutting Slurry | Saw cut slurry shall be removed from the site by vacuuming. Provide storm drain protection during saw cutting. See Paving Operations Section SM-19 for additional requirements. Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. | See Paving Operations Section SM- 19, Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-2, Perimeter sediment controls where applicable |
| Concrete Curing Water | Avoid overspraying of curing compounds. Apply an amount of compound that covers the surface, but does not allow any runoff of the compound. See California Stormwater BMP Handbook NS-12 Concrete Curing at http://www.stormwaterhawaii.com/resources/ contractors-and-consultants/storm-water-pollution-prevention-plan-swppp/ under Concrete Curing for additional requirements. | See California Stormwater BMP Handbook NS- 12 Concrete Curing |
| Plaster Waste Water | Direct all washwater into a leak-proof container or leak-proof pit. The container or pit must be designed so that no overflows can occur due to inadequate sizing or precipitation. Locate on-site wash area a minimum of 50 feet away or as far as practicable from storm drain inlets, open drainage facilities, or water bodies. Any significant residual materials remaining on the ground after the completion of construction shall be removed and properly disposed. If the residual materials contaminate the soil, then the contaminated soil shall also be removed and properly disposed of. Plaster waste water shall not be allowed to flow into drainage structures or State waters. See Material Delivery and Storage Section SM-2, Material Use SM-3, and Hazardous Waste Management Section SM-9 for additional requirements. | See Material Delivery and Storage Section SM-2, Material Use Section SM-3, and Hazardous Waste Management Section SM-9 |

| Pollutant Source | Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented | BMP Requirements |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Water-Jet Wash Water | For Water-Jet Wash Water used to clean vehicles, use off site wash racks or commercial washing facilities when practical. See Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning Section SM-11 for additional information. For Water-Jet Wash Water used to clean impervious surfaces, the runoff shall not be allowed to flow into drainage structures or State Waters. | See Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning Section SM-11 |
| Sanitary/Septic Waste | Locate Sanitary facilities in a convenient place away from drainage facilities. Position sanitary facilities so they are secure and will not be tipped over or knocked down. Wastewater shall not be discharged to the ground or buried. A licensed service provider shall maintain sanitary/septic facilities in good working order. Schedule regular waste collection by a licensed transporter. See Sanitary/Septic Waste Section SM-7 for additional requirements. | See Sanitary/Septic Waste Section SM-7. |

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END OF SECTION 209

INTERSTATE ROUTE H-2 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT REHABILITATION (NORTHBOUND) AT VARIOUS LOCATIONS

FEDERAL-AID PROJECT NO. NH-H2-1(034)

PRE-BID MEETING NOTES DECEMBER 28, 2021

The following notes are from the Hawaii Department of Transportation (HDOT) pre-bid meeting with prospective bidders for the Interstate Route H-2 Portland Cement Concrete Pavement Rehabilitation (Northbound) at Various Locations project.

The meeting was conducted virtually via Microsoft Teams at 10:00 am.

All attendees were notified of the following:

- Concrete pavement grinding is for all travel lanes in the Northbound direction ONLY.
- HDOT is obtaining a noise variance permit from the Department of Health to work at night.
- The bid opening date is still set for January 20, 2022 at 2:00pm.
- Please submit all RFIs thru HIePRO by January 6, 2022.

Attendance List: HDOT

Penhall Company

The meeting ended at 10:05 am.

All items discussed at this meeting are for clarification only. The bid documents shall govern over anything said at the meeting and discrepancies shall be clarified in Addendum No. 1.

Contractor's RFI:

1. Spec 417.03 (A) (1) (a) (6) is vague. Can you elaborate on the requirements for the Just-in-time workshop.

The Just-in-time workshop can be considered a pre-operational conference with the addition of a guest speaker and other special topics to present such as the equipment, work operations, method of construction etc.

The Contractor shall provide their proposed agenda, speakers and venue covering an introduction to and best practices for grinding work. HDOT recommends a virtual venue using MS Teams or Zoom. Invitees would include construction personnel involved with this work and guest speaker(s).

Estimate approximately 2 hours of training including questions and answers (during or at the end) targeting construction personnel not familiar with this type of work. The guest speaker could be a senior person from the company knowledgeable in this type of work.

Provide an agenda and outline the following:

- 1. Introduction Guest Speaker, Contractor, Subcontractor, HDOT Management and Staff, etc.
- 2. Training Objectives and Project Overview
- 3. Key Personnel, Covid Practices etc.
- 4. Key specification requirements
- 5. Equipment and Materials
- 6. BMP Removal of slurry, run-off etc.
- 7. Schedules including test section
- 8. Lane Closures
- Inspector Roles and Responsibilities (HDOT to discuss State Inspector or their Consultant Inspector's roles)
- 10. Construction, and QC and QA.
- 11. Any other important topics of discussion.
- 12. Questions and Answers.

2. Will any day closures or daytime work on the shoulders be permitted?

Daytime closures and daytime work on the shoulders are not permitted.

3. You stated in the Pre-Offer Conference that it is the NB lane only of the H2 between MP as stated in Plans. Which NB lane is it? or is it all 3 lanes?

Diamond grinding is for ALL travel lanes in the Northbound direction from MP 0.38 to MP 3.37 and MP 6.80 to MP 7.80.

4. Is there a water source the State of Hawaii DOT will be providing that can handle 10-12k gallons per shift?

HDOT will not be providing a water source.

5. We are requesting a Substitution for our PC6000 Highway Grinder in accordance with Specification 102.14(A) & 102.14(B).

Our Highway Grinder is the same one that was recently used to perform work on the H1. It is Custom designed and built. The revolutionary PC6000 is state-of-the-art in highway grinding efficiency.

An industrial on-board computer acts as an operator interface for the machine allowing the operator to monitor conditions and adjust set points as needed. Please see attached Specifications.

The PC6000 Highway Grinder is approved for use on this project.