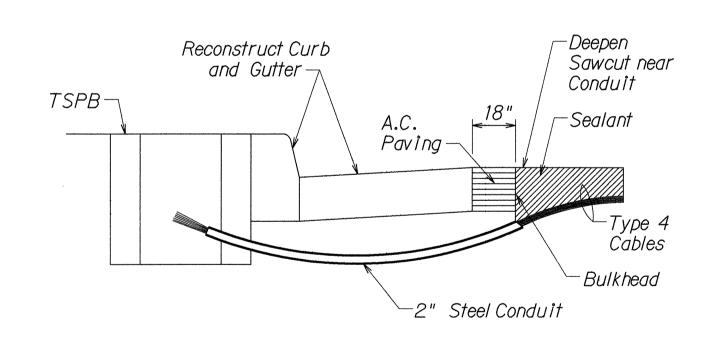


NOTES:

- 1. Center sensor loops in lanes.
- 2. Collector cables shall be twisted 2 turns per foot.
- 3. Number of loops and locations vary. See project plans.
- 4. Number and locations of collector sawcuts may be varied in the field to suit.

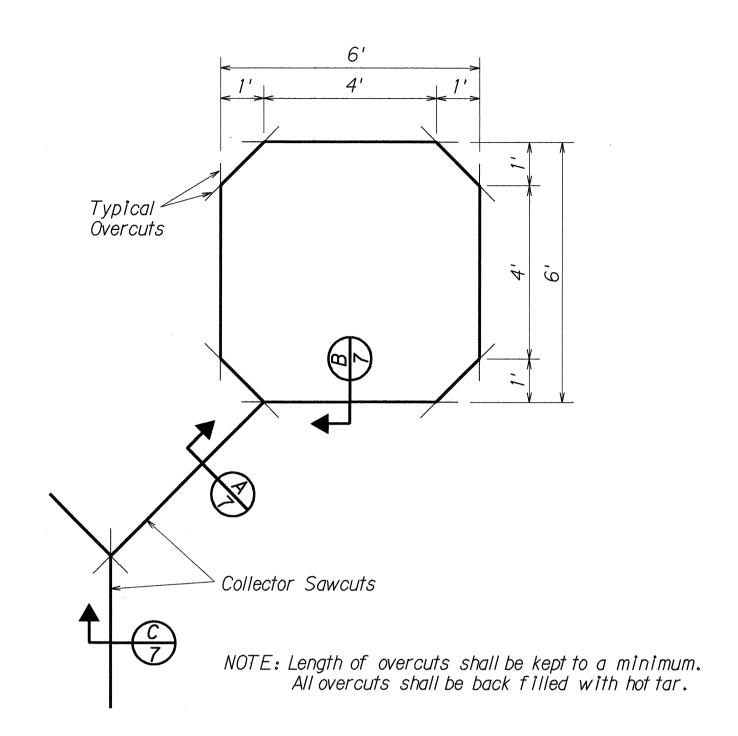
TYPICAL SENSOR LOOP LAYOUT



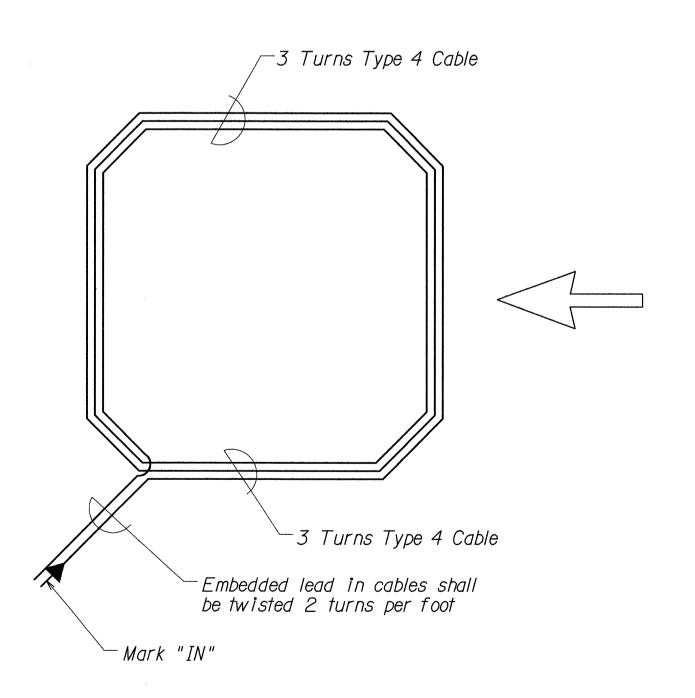
NOTES ON CONSTRUCTION AT END OF SAWCUT

- 1. Seal roadway end of conduit after installation of conductors.
- 2. Install bulkhead across conduit trench.
- 3. Place hot tar in sawcut.
- 4. Backfill over conduit with new A.C.
- 5. Reconstruct curb and gutter as required.

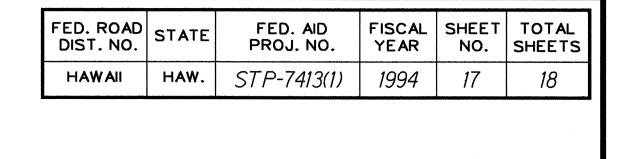
DETAIL OF SENSOR LOOP INSTALLATION AT EDGE OF ROADWAY

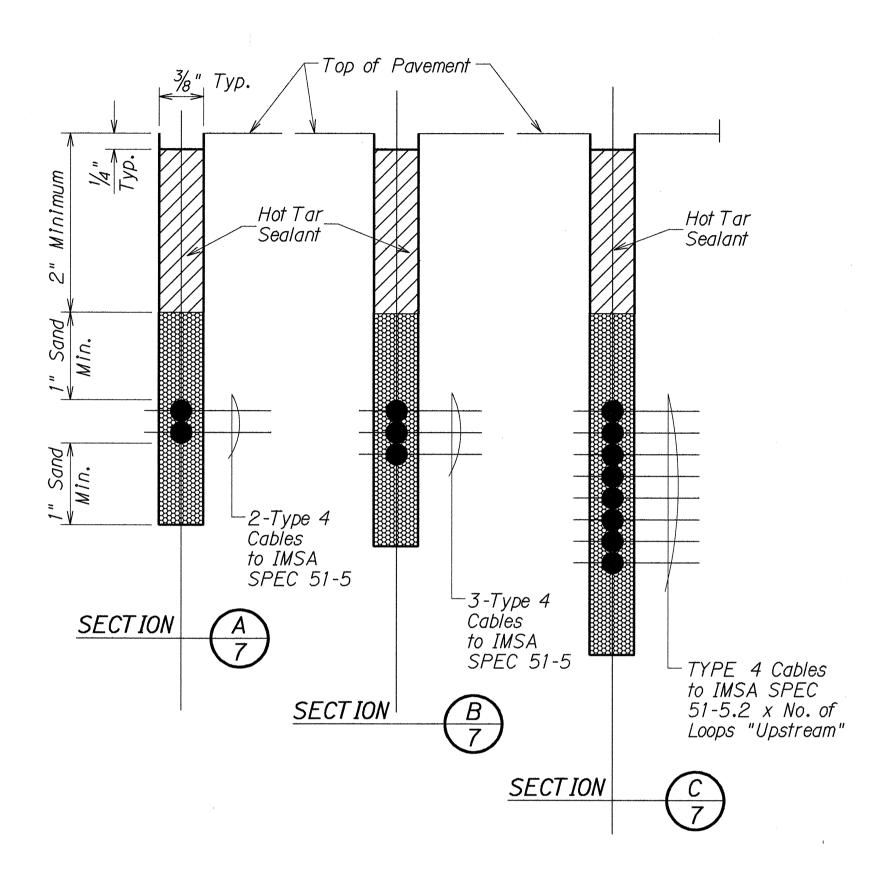


TYPICAL SENSOR LOOP SAWCUT DETAIL



TYPICAL SENSOR LOOP WIRING DIAGRAM





TYPES OF CABLES

TYPE 1	Signal Loop Cable: Stranded No. 14, 26 conductors
TYPE 2	Detector Lead-In Cable and Pedestrian Push Button Circuit Cable: Stranded, No. 14, 2 Conductors
TYPE 3	Interconnect Cable: Solid No. 20, 12 Pai
TYPE 4	Loop Sensor Cable: Solid No. 12, Single Conductor to IMSA SPEC 51-5
TYPE 5	Cable from Signal Loop to Signal Head: Stranded, No. 14, Single Conductor
TYPE 6	Service Cable: Solid, No. 6, 3 Conductors

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAYS DIVISION

LOOP DETECTOR DETAILS

LILIHA STREET RESURFACING North King Street to H-1 Overpass Fed. Aid Project No. STP-7413(1)

Not to Scale

Date: July 1993 SHEET No. 78 OF 9 SHEETS