

A. For The Respective Utility Company Ducts, Provide Metal Detectable Warning Tape Over Respective Utility Company Ducts Per Respective Utility Company Requirements And Approval.

Utilizing 1 1/2 Inches Series "C" Block Lettering. The Message Will Be Repeated With A 4 1/4" Spacing Between Top Line

Tape Shall Read, "Caution — State Highway Cables Buried Below," Utilizing 1 1/2 Inches Series "c" Block Lettering. The Message Will Be Repeated With A 4 1/4" Spacing Between Top Line Of Message And Start Of Next Repeat. For The Private Street Lighting Ducts, The Message On The Tape Shall Read, "caution — Street Lighting Cables Buried Below,"

R. For HE, Provide Warning Tape Per HE Specification M0302-0.

C. For HTCO:

Of Message And Start Of Next Repeat.

- Contractor Shall Place Muletape (WP 1800P) In Each Duct Throughout Its Entire Length With Protrusions Of 2 Feet In Manholes And Handholes At Each End, And 1 Foot In Pullboxes. Muletape Is Rated For 1800 Lb Pull And Has Footage Markings For Measuring Duct Lengths.
- Contractor Shall Place 8-mil Orange Colored Plastic Warning Tape, Not Less Than 4" Wide, Entire Length Of Trench For All Underground Installations. Tape Should Read "Warning-Stop Digging-Call HTCO, Communications Cable Buried Below, Failure To Comply Could Result In Legal Action".
- The Contractor May Begin Backfilling The Conduit Trench When The Concrete Reaches 2800 Psi Compressive Strength Or After 3 Days, Whichever Is Later.
- Clearances: Refer To HECo Note No. 14 For Clearance Requirements Between All Ductlines And All Adjacent Structures (Charted And Uncharted) Near The Trench.

Chief, Civil Engineering Branch Department of Planning & Permitting City & County of Honolulu (FOR CONSTRUCTION IN CITY RIGHT—OF—WAY ONLY)

LICENSED

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

No. 13741-F/

EAWAIL U.S.

THIS WORK WAS PREPARED BY M OR UNDER MY SUPERVISION AND CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT WILL BE UNDER MY OBSERVATION. STATE OF HAWAII
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
HIGHWAYS DIVISION

TRENCH AND DUCT SECTION DETAILS

KAILUA ROAD INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS
Vicinity of Uluoa Street and Ulumanu Drive
Project No. 6ID-01-23
Scale: As Noted Date: DEC, 202.

SHEET No. E-06 OF 10

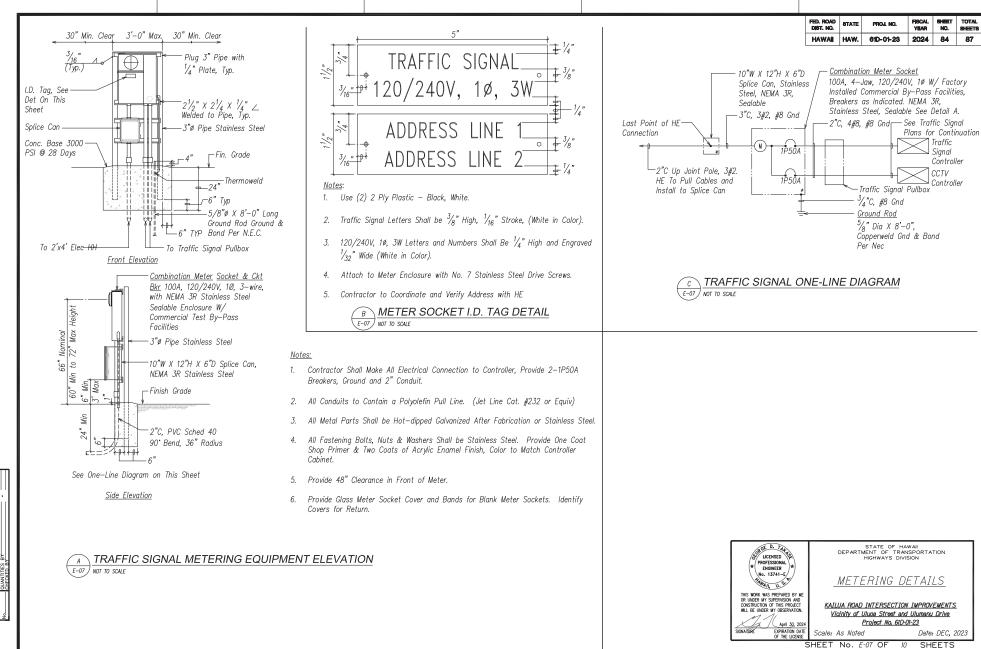
Date: DEC, 2023

PF 10 SHEETS

Date

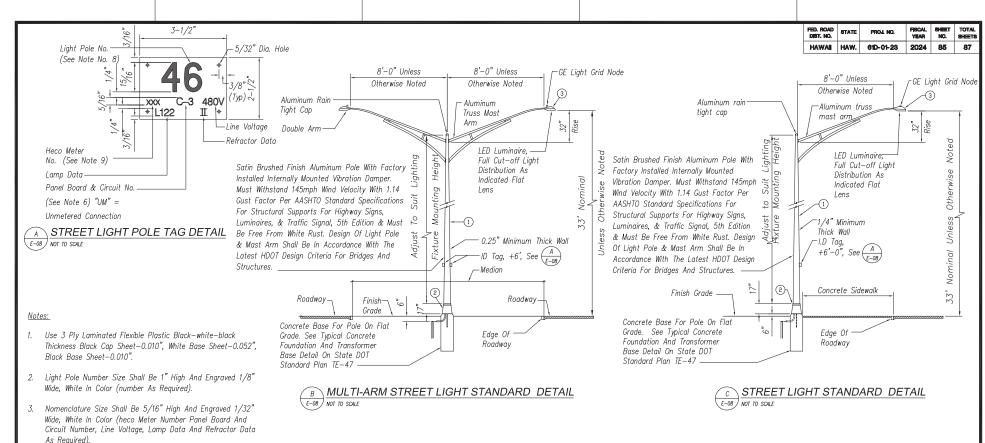
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MATERIAL LIST		
Item	Description	Manufacturer
1	Light Pole, Alum	
2	Transformer Base (Alum) (type as indicated)	
3	Luminaire, LED, Unless Otherwise Noted	

Numbers Are Inscribed By Cutting Through "black Cap Sheet" To Expose "white Letters." Nomenclature Required For Systems With Two Or More Circuits

Attach To Aluminum And Steel Post With No. 8 Stainless Steel, 1/2" Long Drive Screws In 1/8" Drill Hole. Attach To

Wood Poles With 4d Aluminum Nail.

(letter Indicates Panel Board, Number Indicates Circuit).

7. For Light Poles Installed On Ramp, Assign Numbers To Include Ramp I.d. And Light Number. Legend May Be Less Than One (1) Inch In Height.

Liaht Numbers Shall Be Obtained From The State. Use An Alphabet Suffix To Designate Lights Mounted On The Same Pole (e.g. 123a & 123b).



STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER No. 13741-F/

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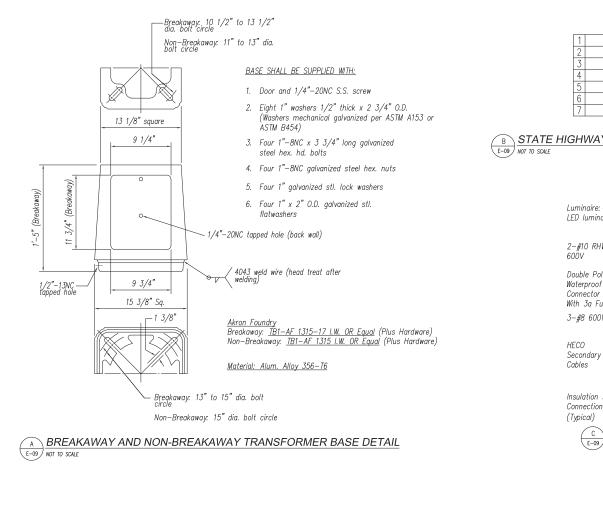
STREET LIGHT STANDARD DETAILS

KAILUA ROAD INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS Vicinity of Uluoa Street and Ulumanu Drive Project No. 61D-01-23 Scale: As Noted Date: DEC, 2023

SHEET No. E-08 OF 10 SHEETS

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For Non-Metered System, Call Out The Contract Number.



= Highway Light & Pole Number
= Pole Location, Offset In Feet from Baseline
= Bracket Arm Span, In Feet
= Pole Height, In Feet
= Pole Location, Station Number
= Wattage
= Light Circuit Number & Phase To Phase
Connection, When Applicable

FED. ROAD STATE

HAWAII HAW.

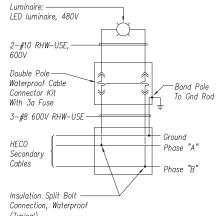
FISCAL SHEET YEAR NO.

2024 86

PROJ. NO.

61D-01-23

B STATE HIGHWAY LIGHT I.D. TAG INDICATOR LEGEND



C TYPICAL HIGHWAY LIGHT CONNECTION DIAGRAM

BY HIGHWAY LIGHT CONNECTION DIAGRAM



STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAYS DIVISION

STREET LIGHT DETAILS 2

KAILUA ROAD INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS
Vicinity of Uluoa Street and Ulumanu Drive
Project No. 61D-01-23

SHEET No. E-09 OF 10

Date: DEC, 2023 9 OF 10 SHEETS

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New Design Requirements for Light Standards (January 8, 2018)

(Highway Lighting Luminaires, Pole Standards, Bracket Arms and Traffic Signal Standards and Mast Arms Being Furnished for this Project Shall Conform with the New Design Requirements Noted Below)

- Equipment Manufacturers Providing Structural Supports for Luminaires and Traffic Signals, the Following Design Parameters to be Included in the Design of the Project Materials.
- 2. AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals, 1st Edition, (2015) Including Subsequent Interim Revisions, Published by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials, as Modified Herein.
- 3. Basic Wind Speed [Article 3.8.2] to Determine the Design Wind Pressure Shall be 145 Mph. for Unusual or Differing Exposure Conditions, the Basic Wind Speed Should be Increased Using Rational Procedures and Sound Engineering Judgment. Alternatively, the Design Wind Pressure May be Increased by Using a Higher Wind Importance Factor [Table 3.8.3-1] Corresponding to a Recurrence Interval of At Least One Level Greater Than Recommended. the Wind Maps for Effective Wind Speed. Topographic Effects and Exposure Category Included in the State Building Code (Hawaii Administrative Rules, Chapter 3-180) Should be Used for Guidance.
- 4. Wind Importance Factors [Article 3.8.3-1] and Velocity Conversion Factors [Table 3.8.3-3] Used to Determine the Design Wind Pressure Shall be Based on the Following Recurrence Intervals:
- For Overhead Sign Structures: 1700 Years
 - For Traffic Signal Structures: 1700 Years For Luminaire Support Structures Less Than 50 Feet in Height: 25 Years
- For Other Support Structures Including Luminaire Support Structures 50 Feet or More in Height. and When Luminaire is Mounted on a Traffic Signal Structure: 50 Years
- For Roadside Sign Structures and Temporary Support Structures: 10 Years
- Height and Exposure Factor [Article 3.8.4]. for Support Structures on Bridges, the Height and Exposure Factor Shall be Determined Based on the Maximum Height They Are Above the Surrounding Ground, for Severe Exposure Conditions Such as Along the Coastline, the Factor Shall be Increased Based on the Latest Asce Standard ASCE/SEI 7.

- Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures. the Wind Maps for Effective Wind Speed, Topographic Effects and Exposure Category Included in the State Building Code (Hawaii Administrative Rules. Chapter 3-180) Should Also be Used for Guidance.
- Minimum Anchor Bolts [Article 5.16]. Cantilevered Traffic Signal Structures with Mast Arms Greater Than 40 Feet and Other Cantilevered Support Structures with Design Life of 50 Years or More Shall Have Base Plate Connections with a Minimum of Six (6) Anchor Bolts. A Minimum of Four (4) Anchor Bolts Shall be Provided for All Other Base Plate Connections.
- 7. Use of Grout [Article 5.16]. Grout Shall Not be Used Under Base Plates for All Support Structures Except for Ordinary Street Light Poles Unless Approved by the Bridge Design Engineer. Anchor Bolts with Leveling Nuts Shall be Designed to Transfer All Loads From the Structure to Its Base Support, a Wire Cloth Screen Shall Specified to be Placed Vertically Between the Base Plate and the Top of the Foundation and Wrapped Horizontally Around the Base Plate with a 3 Inches Minimum Lap, the Wire Cloth Shall be Galvanized Steel Standard Grade Plain Weave 2x2 Mesh 0.063 inch Diameter Wires. Secure the Wire Cloth At the Lapped Ends with Stainless Steel Wire Ties (Min 2). Loop the Wire Ties and Twist Tie Them Securely. Also, Alternate Means of Protecting the Underside of the Base Plate From Debris, Birds, Bees and Other Nesting Animals May be Proposed for Consideration.
- Plumbness of Anchor Bolts [Article 5.16]. Anchor Bolts Shall be Installed with Misalianments of Less Than 1:40 From Vertical. After Installation, Firm Contact Shall Exist Between the Anchor Bolt Nuts, Washers, and Base Plate on Any Anchor Bolt Installed in a Misalianed Position.
- Fatigue Importance Factors [Article 11.6] Noted in Table 11.6-1 for Overhead Sign and Traffic Signal Structures Shall be Based on Fatigue Category I. support Structures Other Than That Noted in Table 11.6-1 with Round Cross Sections Under 50 Feet, Roadside Sian Structures, and Temporary Structures Do Not Need to be Designed for Fatigue. Support Structures 50 Feet or More in Height Shall be Designed for Fatigue and be Based on Fatigue Category I.
- Galloping [Article 11.7.1.1]. Provisions Shall be Made to Install Effective Vibration Mitigation Devices on Overhead Cantilevered Sign and Traffic Signal Support Structures Unless They Are Designed for

Galloping-Induced Cyclic Loads. With Approval from HDOT, Mitigation Devices May be Installed after Construction If Vibration Due to Galloping is Identified

- 11. Natural Wind Gust [Article 11.7.1.2]. Overhead Sign, Traffic Signal, and High-Level Support Structures Shall be Designed to Resist An Equivalent Static Natural Wind Gust Pressure.
- 12. Truck-Induced Gust [Article 11.7.1.3]. Overhead Sign and Traffic Sianal Support Structures Shall be Designed to Resist An Equivalent Static Truck Gust Pressure Range Based on a Truck Speed of 20 MPH Over the Posted Speed.
- 13. Equipment Manufacturers Providing Structural Supports for Luminaires and Traffic Signals, is Responsible to Provide the Engineer with Any Information That Will Impact the Current Foundation
- 14. Square or Rectangular Steel Post Sections | Sections 5 and 11]. Square or Rectangular Steel Sections Are Not Recommended to be Used for Overhead Sian and Traffic Sianal Supports Because They Are More Prone to Poor Fatigue Performance. However, the Post Sections Contained in the Highways Division Standard Plans (2008) for Overhead Sian Structures (Standard Plans TE-17A Through TE-19M) Shall be Considered Acceptable and May Still be Used. Any Special Designs or Deviations from the Standard Plans Shall be Considered with the Bridge Design Engineer.
- 15. <u>Traffic Signs on Light Poles and Traffic Signals.</u> All Light Poles of Highway Light Standards Shall be Designed for a Traffic Sign of Nine (9) SF with its Resulting Wind Force Applied 10 Feet Above the Finish Grade. See Standard Plan TE-47 (5/21/07).





STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STREET LIGHT NOTES

KAILUA ROAD INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS Vicinity of Uluoa Street and Ulumanu Drive Project No. 61D-01-23

SHEET No. E-10 OF 10

Scale: As Noted Date: DEC, 2023 SHEETS