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SECTION 770 – TRAFFIC SIGNAL MATERIALS

- 3 Make the following amendments to said Section:
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Amend Subsection 770.02(A) - Standard Traffic Signal Heads by **(I)** revising the first paragraph from line 211 to 216 to read:

8 "(b) To ensure quality and performance, LED head shall have prior history of testing and use by CALTRANS and shall exceed ITE standards. 9 Failure on one LED shall not affect other LED's. LED head shall have fully-10 encapsulated electronic circuitry and configuration for 12-inch ball." 11

13 Amend Subsection 770.02(A)(4) - Back Plates from line 285 to 290 to **(II)** 14 read: 15

- "(4) **Back Plates.** Louvered back plates shall be furnished and installed on mast arm mounted signal heads. Back plates shall be constructed of aluminum alloy 3003-H14 sheet having minimum thickness of 0.058 inch and minimum dimensions equal to signal head size plus five-inch border, with a one-inch retro-reflective border around the outside edge of the front surface. Back plates shall be dull black in color."
- 23 (111) Amend Subsection 770.04 – Pedestrian Signal from line 444 to 600 to 24 read:
 - "(A) Purpose.
 - The purpose of this specification is to provide the minimum requirements for the LED "walking person" and "hand" icon pedestrian signal modules with countdown. This specification is only for the nominal overall message-bearing surface of 16 x 18 in. This specification is not intended to impose restrictions upon specific designs and materials that conform to the purpose and the intent of this specification. This specification refers to definitions and practices described in "Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications" published in the Equipment and Materials Standards of the Institute of Transportation Engineers, (referred to in this document as "PTCSI") and in the Applicable Sections of Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) 2009 Section 4E.
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Physical and Mechanical Requirements.

43 The modules shall fit into existing pedestrian signal housings built for the PTCSI sizes stated in Section 1 of the "walking person" and 44 45 "hand" icon pedestrian signal indication Standard without 46 modification to the housing and shall not require special tools for 47 installation.

48 49 Installation of a retrofit replacement module into existing pedestrian signal housing shall only require the removal of the existing optical 50 51 unit components, shall be weather tight and fit securely in the 52 housing; and shall connect directly to existing electrical wiring. The 53 LED module shall have a visual appearance similar to that of an 54 incandescent lamp (ie: Smooth and non-pixilated). Screwed on 55 lenses are not allowed. Only modules with internal mask shall be 56 utilized. No external silk-screen shall be permitted. 57

- 58 When not illuminated, the WALKING PERSON, UPRAISED HAND, 59 and COUNTDOWN DIGITS shall not be readily visible. The countdown digits of the pedestrian signal module shall be located to 60 the right of the associated UPRAISED HAND. The display of the 61 number of remaining seconds shall begin only at the beginning of 62 the pedestrian change interval. After the countdown displays zero, 63 64 the display shall remain dark until the beginning of the next 65 countdown. The walking person, hand icons and countdown digits shall be incandescent looking. 66 67
- 68 The units shall not have any external attachments, dip switches, toggle switches or options that will allow the mode to be changed 69 70 from counting the clearance cycle, to the full walk/don't walk cycle or any other modification to the icons or digits. 71

For each nominal module, use the corresponding minimum H (height) and W (width) measurements:

Module Size	lcon Height	lcon Width	Countdo wn Height	Countdo wn Width	Countdown Segment Width
(16 x 18 in)	11 in	7 in	9 in	7 in	0.7 in

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All exposed components of a module shall be suitable for prolonged exposure to the environment. As a minimum, the module shall be rated for use in the ambient operating temperature range, measured at the exposed rear of the module, of -40°C to +74°C (-40°F to +165°F).

83 The module shall be a single, self-contained device, not requiring on-84 site assembly for installation into an existing pedestrian signal 85 housing. The power supply shall be located inside the pedestrian 86 signal module. The assembly and manufacturing process for the 87 module shall be designed to assure all internal LED and electronic 88 components are adequately supported to withstand mechanical 89 shock and vibration from high winds and other sources.

The front window shall be a transparent polycarbonate material with internal masking to prevent the icons and digits from being visible when not in operation. External masking or silk-screen technology shall not be permitted.

Each module shall be identified on the backside with the manufacturer's name, model, serial number and operating characteristics. The operating characteristics shall include the nominal operating voltage and stabilized power consumption, in watts and/or Volt-Amperes.

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(C) Photometric Requirements

For a minimum period of 60 months, the maintained minimum luminance values for the modules under operating conditions, when measured normal to the plane of the icon surface, shall not be less than:

- Walking person: 2,200 cd/m²;
- Hand: 1,400 cd/m².
- Countdown digits: 1,400 cd/m²;

111 The luminance of the emitting surface, measured at angles from the 112 normal of the surface, may decrease linearly to a value of 50% of 113 the values listed above at an angle of 15 degrees. The LED 114 module shall have a visual appearance similar to that of an 115 incandescent lamp (ie: Smooth and non-pixilated).

116 Maximum permissible luminance: When operated within the 117 temperature range, the actual luminance for a module shall not 118 exceed three times the required peak value of the minimum 119 maintained luminance. Luminance uniformity: The uniformity of the 120 signal output across the emitting section of the module lens (i.e. the 121 hand, person or countdown icon) shall not exceed a ratio of 5 to 1 122 between the maximum and minimum luminance values (cd/m²).

The standard colors for the LED Pedestrian Signal Module shall be White for the walking person and Portland Orange for the hand icon and the countdown digits.

128 (D) Electrical Requirements

All wiring and terminal blocks shall meet the requirements of Section 13.02 of the VTCSH Standard. Maximum of three secured, color coded, 1 meter (39 in) long 600 V, 16 AWG minimum, jacketed wires, conforming to the National Electrical Code, rated for service at +105°C, are to be provided for electrical connection. The 135conductors shall be color coded with orange for the hand, blue for136the walking person and white as the common lead.

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- 138 LED modules shall operate from a 60 + 3 Hertz ac line power over a voltage range from 80 to 135 VAC RMS. Nominal operating 139 voltage for all measurements shall be 120 + 3 VAC RMS. 140 141 Fluctuations in line voltage over the range of 80 to 135 VAC RMS shall not affect luminous intensity by more than + 10 %. To prevent 142 the appearance of flicker, the module circuitry shall drive the LEDs at 143 144 frequencies greater than 100 Hz when modulated, or at DC, over the voltage range specified. 145
- 147Low Voltage Turn Off: There should be no illumination of the module148when the applied voltage is less than 35 VAC RMS. To test for this149condition, each icon must first be fully illuminated at the nominal150operating voltage. The applied voltage shall then be reduced to the151point where there is no illumination. This point must be greater than15235 VAC RMS.
- 154Turn-ON and Turn-OFF Time: A module shall reach 90% of full155illumination (turn-ON) within 75 msec of the application of the156nominal operating voltage. The signal shall cease emitting visible157illumination (turn-OFF) within 75 msec of the removal of the158nominal operating voltage.
- 160Default Condition: For abnormal conditions when nominal voltage is161applied to the unit across the two-phase wires (rather than being162applied to the phase wire and the neutral wire) the pedestrian163signal unit shall default to the hand symbol. The on-board circuitry164of a module shall include voltage surge protection:
 - To withstand high-repetition noise transients and lowrepetition high-energy transients as specified in NEMA Standard TS-2 2003; Section 2.1.8
 - Section 8.2 IEC 1000-4-5 & Section 6.1.2 ANSI/IEEE C62.41.2-2002, 3kV, 2 ohm
 - Section 8.0 IEC 1000-4-12 & Section 6.1.1 ANSI/IEEE C62.41.2-2002, 6kV, 30 ohm
 - The LED signal and associated on-board circuitry shall meet the requirements of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Title 47, Subpart B, Section 15 regulations concerning the emission of electronic noise by Class A digital devices. The modules shall provide a power factor of 0.90 or greater when operated at nominal operating voltage, and 25°C (77°F). Total harmonic distortion

- 180induced into an AC power line by the module, operated at nominal181operating voltage, and at 25°C (77°F) shall not exceed 20%.
 - The current draw shall be sufficient to ensure compatibility and proper triggering and operation of load current switches and conflict monitors in signal controller units. Off State Voltage Decay: When the module is switched from the On state to the Off state the terminal voltage shall decay to a value less than 10 VAC RMS in less than 100 milliseconds when driven by a maximum allowed load switch leakage current of 10 milliamps peak (7.1 milliamps AC).

(E) Module Functions

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- The module shall operate in one mode: *Clearance Cycle Countdown Mode Only.* The module shall start counting when the flashing don't walk turns on and will countdown to "0" and turn off when the steady "Don't Walk" signal turns on. The module shall not have user accessible switches or controls for the purpose of modifying the cycle, icons or digits. At power on, the module enters a single automatic learning cycle. During the automatic learning cycle, the countdown display shall remain dark. The unit shall reprogram itself if it detects any increase or decrease of Pedestrian Timing. The digits shall go blank once a change is detected and then take one complete pedestrian cycle (with no counter during this cycle) to adjust its buffer timer.
- 205 206 The module shall allow for consecutive cycles without displaying the steady Hand icon ("Don't Walk"). The module shall recognize 207 208 preemption events and temporarily modify the crossing cycle accordingly. If the controller preempts during the walking man, the 209 countdown shall follow the controller's directions and shall adjust 210 211 from walking man to flashing hand. It shall start to count down during the flashing hand. If the controller preempts during the 212 flashing hand, the countdown shall continue to count down without 213 214 interruption. The next cycle, following the preemption event, shall use the correct, initially programmed values. This specification is 215 worded such that the flashing don't walk time is not modified. 216 217
- 218If the controller output displays Don't Walk steady condition or if219both the hand /person go dark and the unit has not arrived to zero,220the unit suspends any timing and the digits shall go dark.
- 221 **(F) Warranty** 222
- 223Manufacturers will provide the following warranty provisions.224Replacement or repair of an LED signal module that fails to function

- as intended due to workmanship or material defects within the first 5 years (60 months) from the date of project acceptance."
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(IV) Amend Subsection 770.05(A)- Controller Assembly from line 617 to
625 to read:

- "(1) Model 332A controller cabinet refers to latest Model 332LS controller cabinet listed on CALTRANS QPL.
- The traffic signal controller shall be a 2070 LX on CALTRANS QPL. Each controller shall be furnished with the latest firm ware. Each controller shall be able to communicate with HDOT's traffic signal central server via Contractor provided cellular modem. (See Section 627.02 for cellular modem)
- (3) Each controller assembly listed in Table 770.05-1 Controller
 Assembly Requirements contains sufficient equipment for full 8-vehicle, 4 pedestrian, and 4-preemption phase intersection, even though the
 contract documents may not require it.

TABLE 770.05-1 – CONTROLLER ASSEMBLY					
REQUIREMENTS					
ltem	<u>Quantity</u>				
Model 2070 LX Controller	1				
332LS Aluminum Cabinet	1				
Model 200 Load Switches	12				
Model 204 Flasher	All				
Model 242 Isolators	2				
Model FS/ST Isolator	All				
Flash Transfer Relays	All				
Firmware	1				
Model 2010ECL Conflict Monitor (Crimp and Poke	1				
Type, such as Molex Dualcon TM Straight/on Edge					
Dual Position Connectors, or approved equal)					
Model 262C Detector Amplifiers (Rotary Sw Type)	8				
Model M762 Preempt. Car (Non-QPL) with M768	2				
Auxiliary Input Panel					

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- 246 (V) Amend Subsection 770.05(B)- Model 170E Controller by deleting line
 247 643.
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- 249 (VI) Amend Subsection 770.05(C)(5)- Cabinet by deleting lines 660 to 665. 250
- 251 (VII) Amend Subsection 770.05(D)- Auxiliary Equipment from line 697 to 741 252 to read:
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254 Model M762 Optical Preemption Module with M768 Auxiliary (1) 255 Input Panel. M762 shall be card-type and shall interface with Model 170 cabinet preemption slots of input file. Each M762 Module shall have two 256 257 channels of preemption. M762 shall include firmware to discriminate between two valid priority signals, to prioritize valid same priority signals 258 259 on a first come, first served basis, and to override low priority signal if high priority is received. M762 Module shall receive input signals (9.639 and 260 14.035 Hz) to permit priority preemption operation within 170 local 261 intersection program. M762 shall optically isolate output signals and shall 262 263 trigger active low signal to controller for high priority and pulsed active low M768 Auxiliary Input Panel shall be used to 264 signal for low priority. interconnect M762 with the terminals inside the traffic cabinet. The State's 265 266 preemption systems employ the 3M/Global Traffic Technologies Opticom New preemption equipment shall be 3M/Global Traffic 267 System. Technologies Opticom or accepted equal that is fully compatible with 268 3M/Global Traffic Technologies Opticom. 269 270

(2) Security Tumbler for Signal Cabinet. The signal control cabinet
door locks (2 locks for each cabinet) are keyed to take Best Lock Series
tumblers. The contractor shall furnish and install 2 lock cylinders that will
fit in the current locks on the signal cabinet. The lock cylinders keys shall
be one of a kind, licensed to DTS, and each cylinder shall have 2 sets of
keys with "do not duplicate" stamped on each key.

(VIII) Amend Subsection 770.06(C) - Type 3 – Interconnect Cable Tie-in
 Signalized Intersection to Another from line 759 to 765 to read:

"(C) Type 3 – Interconnect Cable Tie-in Signalized Intersection to Another. Fiber optic cables shall be utilized. See Section 627.02 for details.

285 (IX) Amend Subsection 770.06(G) – Type 7 Preemption Detector

286 (Opticom) Cables from line 788 to 798 to read:

- 288 "(G) Type 7 - Preemption Detector (Opticom) Cables. Preemption 289 detector (Opticom) cables are specific cables that run continuously from 290 optical detectors mounted on traffic signal standards to terminal blocks for M762 phase module located in controller cabinet. Each detector shall be 291 292 furnished with its own cable running back to controller cabinet. 3M/Global Traffic Technologies' M138 Optical Detector Cable shall be furnished for 293 294 detector cable because it is compatible and consistent with requirements 295 for Opticom Preemption System. M138 cable shall be furnished that is BerkTek Type B, shield jacket, three - insulated conductor cable, 20 AWG, 296 one - 20 AWG bare stranded ground, 600 Volts, orange-blue-yellow color 297 298 coded and 5/16 inch diameter."
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300 **(X)** Amend **Subsection 770.11 – Preemption Detectors** from line 997 to 301 1009 to read:

303 "(A) Description. Preemption Detectors shall be located on traffic 304 signal standards to convert optical signals emitted from an emergency 305 vehicle to electrical pulses for emergency preemption of traffic signals. Electrical signals from optical detector shall be transmitted by 4-306 conductor cable to preemption module M762 located in input slot of 307 M762 preemption module shall direct and hold 308 controller cabinet. 309 controller in preemption mode until signal disappears. Preprogrammed 310 selection of phases and signal displays shall be controlled by Local Intersection Program. The State's preemption system employ 3M/Global 311 Traffic Technologies Opticom System. New preemption equipment shall be 312 313 by 3M/Global Traffic Technologies Opticom or equal accepted by the 314 Engineer, that is fully compatible with 3M/Global Traffic Technologies Opticom. Astro-mini brackets or similar device for attaching preemption 315 316 detector to poles shall be included."

318 (XI) Amend Subsection 770.11 – Preemption Detectors from line 1012 to

319 1021 to read:320

321 "(1) **Type 7 Cable.** Type 7 preemption detector (Opticom) cables shall 322 be specific cables that run continuously from optical detectors mounted on traffic signal standards to terminal blocks for M762 phase module in 323 controller cabinet. Type 7 preemption detector cable shall be compatible 324 325 with 3M/Global Traffic Technologies' M138 Optical Detector cable and shall be consistent with requirements for Opticom Preemption System. 326 M138 cable shall be BerkTek Type B, shield jacket, 3-insulated conductor, 327 328 20AWG stranded copper, 1-20AWG bare stranded ground, 600 volts, 329 orange-blue-yellow color coded, and 5/16-inch diameter." 330

331 (XII) Add Subsection 770.12 – Pedestrian Signal Push Button With Integral 332 Sign to read:

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"(A) Description. The pedestrian push button unit shall consist of an assembly that can be secured to traffic poles with standard screws, be tamper proof, weatherproof, and constructed so that electrical shocks are impossible to receive.

(B) Materials.

(1) The housing for the push button assembly shall be of cast
and/or machined aluminum. The push button assembly shall be
weatherproof with a water diverting groove set in the outside
diameter of the actuator button receptor. The housing shall be
designed to reduce vandalism and shall mount on the side or top of
a pole with a minimum 2-inch diameter button. The push button

housing shall be capable of mounting in an 'up button' or 'down button' configuration. All wire connections shall be accessible from the back of the assembly.

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An ADA acceptable raised directional sign shall be installed (2) with stainless steel fasteners to the housing. The sign shall consist of a raised walking person and a raised arrow indication. Paint the unit black and paint the raised walking person and arrow white. The sign shall be capable of mounting in an 'up button' or 'down button' configuration. The raised walking person and arrows shall be directional and match the indication as shown in the plans.

(3) The pushbutton shall extend from the sign faceplate 360 approximately three inches. The pushbutton actuator shall be convex in design having a flat area on the face for uses of a stylus, ADA acceptable, two inches in diameter, and have a tension of less 362 than five pounds when pressed. The button shall be manufactured in a way that it cannot be stuck in a closed (constant call) position.

366 The pedestrian push button shall be a piezo electric type and be UL listed. The button shall have a stainless steel actuator and shall be 367 mounted within the housing with stainless steel, non-corrosive, tamper 368 369 proof fasteners. The unit shall operate between 12-24V DC or AC, 3 inch round mounts with 4 mounting bolts. The pedestrian button shall 370 give an audio and visual signal each time the pedestrian button is 371 372 activated." 373

END OF SECTION 770