

C. BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs)

1. The Permittee shall:
 - a. Refrain from performing any work during heavy rainstorms.
 - b. Prevent loose particles, sand, soil, silt, and other construction debris at the project site from being washed away by storm water runoff to drainage systems and to State waters.
 - c. Remove the excavated material as soon as possible or at the end of each work day. The excavated material shall be disposed in a State and/or County-approved landfill site.
 - d. Not discharge water used for dust control to State waters.
 - e. Not discharge water used for irrigation to State waters.
 - f. Not discharge hydrotesting effluent to State waters without an appropriate NPDES permit.
 - g. Not discharge dewatering effluent to State waters without an appropriate NPDES permit.
 - h. Not stockpile unprotected materials on-site without implementing the appropriate BMPs for the stockpile(s).
 - i. Wash-down vehicles and/or equipment and concrete truck drums only at designated areas and not discharge the wash waters to State waters. The concrete wash water shall not be allowed to infiltrate into the ground.
 - j. Assure that the implemented BMPs are effective and the discharge effluent is in compliance with the basic State water quality standards.
2. The following special conditions apply to all land disturbance work conducted under this permit:
 - a. Construction Management Techniques
 - (1) Clearing and grubbing shall be held to the minimum necessary for grading and equipment operation.

- (2) Construction shall be sequenced to minimize the exposure time of the cleared surface area.
- (3) Construction shall be staged or phased for large projects. Areas of one (1) phase shall be stabilized before another phase is initiated. Stabilization shall be accomplished by temporarily or permanently protecting the disturbed soil surface from rainfall impacts and runoff.
- (4) Erosion and Sediment Control Measures shall be in place and functional before earth moving operations begin. These measures shall be properly constructed and maintained throughout the construction period.
- (5) All control measures shall be checked and repaired as necessary, for example, weekly in dry periods and within 24 hours after any rainfall of 0.5 inches or greater within a 24-hour period. During prolonged rainfall, daily checking is necessary. The Permittee shall maintain records of checks and repairs.
- (6) The Permittee shall maintain records of the duration and estimated volume of storm water discharge(s).
- (7) A specific individual shall be designated to be responsible for erosion and sediment controls on each project site.

b. Vegetation Controls

- (1) Pre-construction vegetative ground cover shall not be destroyed, removed, or disturbed more than 20 calendar days prior to land disturbance.
- (2) Temporary soil stabilization with appropriate vegetation shall be applied on areas that will remain unfinished for more than 30 calendar days.
- (3) Permanent soil stabilization with perennial vegetation or pavement shall be applied as soon as practical after final grading. Irrigation and maintenance of the perennial vegetation shall be provided for 30 calendar days or until the vegetation takes root, whichever is shorter.

c. Structural Controls

- (1) Storm water flowing toward the construction area shall be diverted by using appropriate control measures, as practical.**
- (2) Erosion Control Measures shall be designed according to the size of disturbed or drainage areas to detain runoff and trap sediment.**
- (3) Water must be discharged in a manner that the discharge shall not cause or contribute to a violation of the basic water quality criteria as specified in HAR, Chapter 11-54, Section 11-54-4.**

S000308.FNL.14