Make the following Section a part of the Standard Specifications:

"SECTION 671 – PROTECTION OF THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES

671.01 Description. The project site is located in a known flight corridor for the endangered Hawaiian petrel or 'ua'u (*Pterodroma sandwichensis*), the endangered Hawai'i distinct population segment (DPS) of the band-rumped stormpetrel or 'ake'ake (*Oceanodroma castro*), and the threatened Newell's shearwater or 'a'o (*Puffinus auricularis newelli*), hereinafter referred to as Hawaiian seabirds. Endangered Hawaiian waterbirds, including the Hawaiian stilt or ae'o (*Himantopus mexicanus knudseni*), the Hawaiian coot or 'alae ke'oke'o (*Fulica americana alai*), the Hawaiian gallinule or 'alae 'ula (*Gallinula galeata sandvicensis*), and the Hawaiian duck or koloa (*Anas wyvilliana*) are known to be in the general vicinity of the project and may be attracted to the project staging areas even in sub-optimal locations if water is present. Also to be considered is the threatened Hawaiian goose or nēnē (*Branta [=Nesochen] sandvicensis*) which may use the construction staging areas or areas adjacent to the roadway.

The Contractor shall protect these threatened and endangered species throughout the construction duration.

671.02 Materials. None

671.03 Construction.

- **(A) Pre-Construction and Construction Requirements.** Comply with the following conditions and the notes in the Contract Plans:
 - (1) Hawaiian Seabirds. Hawaiian seabirds may traverse the project area at night during breeding, nesting and fledgling season, which extends from March 1 through December 15. Permanent lighting poses a very high risk of seabird attraction so new highway lighting should not be installed to protect seabird flyways and preserve the night sky. Additional or increased lighting exacerbates the problem of Newell's shearwater fallout.

Fallout shall be defined as the occurrence of seabirds being harmed, injured or killed and falling to the ground due to: 1) collision with structures such as wires, poles, or other objects; 2) light attraction and the resulting collision with structure associated with or near the light sources; or, 3) the exhaustion from circling the light source.

If nighttime work will be required in conjunction with the development of the project, the Contractor shall incorporate these measures to avoid and minimize project-related adverse effects to Hawaiian seabirds:

(a) Before beginning any work at the project site, the Contractor shall:

- i. Collect information regarding the protection of seabirds and seabird fallout.
- ii. Submit to the Engineer for acceptance a protection of seabirds training plan including a detailed description of information and materials the Contractor intends to use in the training classes. The training plan shall be submitted to the Engineer for acceptance at least 15 days in advance of the class. If the Engineer rejects the training plan, the Contractor shall revise and promptly propose another training plan.
- iii. Disseminate information regarding the protection of seabirds and seabird fallout by conducting training classes for all employees, subcontractors, suppliers and other personnel working on the project, including HDOT personnel, on such topics as the Save Our Shearwater (SOS) program, proper use of temporary lighting, procedures to store and report downed seabirds, and the consequences of non-compliance with the laws regarding threatened and endangered seabirds. The Engineer may request for additional topics related to seabirds to be included in the training classes.

Training classes shall be taught by authorized representatives of the USFWS, the Department of Land and Natural Resources, the SOS program or other qualified personnel accepted by the Engineer.

- iv. Furnish the Engineer with evidence that the Contractor has held training classes, including the dates of the classes, identify who conducted the training, and the content and nature of the training.
- **(b)** The Contractor shall comply to the following construction requirements:
 - i. As directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall conduct additional training classes during the project to update all employees, subcontractors, suppliers, HDOT personnel and other personnel on new and/or updated information regarding the protection of seabirds and seabird fallout.

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- ii. No permanent streetlights shall be installed as part of the project.
- iii. All temporary lights used for night work (between sunset and sunrise) shall contain less than 2% wavelengths less than 550 nm, and shall be downward-facing and shielded so the bulb can only be seen from below. Temporary lights shall include but are not limited to flood lights, light towers, lights for construction equipment and other lights as determined by the Engineer. All traffic control devices, including warning lights, arrow boards, portable changeable message signs and other lighting device as determined by the Engineer shall be shielded.
- iv. Nighttime construction and the use of all temporary lights shall cease during the peak seabird fledgling period (September 15 through December 15).
- v. The Contractor shall furnish and maintain a small (approximately 10" x 12" x 19"), portable cat kennel on site to temporarily hold a downed seabird. The Contractor shall obtain acceptance of the cat kennel from the Engineer prior to use.
- vi. If a downed dead seabird is found, the Contractor shall contact the USFWS (Ms. Megan Laut at 808-792-9400) within 24 hours.
- **vii.** If the downed seabird is alive, the Contractor shall:
 - I. Pick up the seabird from behind as soon as possible using a clean towel, t-shirt or cloth by gently wrapping it around its back and wings.
 - II. Place the seabird in the cat kennel and immediately contact the SOS Program Coordinator at 808-635-5117 for further instructions on where to deliver the seabird.
 - III. Deliver the seabird to the location determined by the coordinator of the SOS program and as directed by the Engineer.

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- IV. Keep the seabird in a cool, quiet location and out of direct sunlight with adequate ventilation.
- V. The Contractor and any personnel onsite shall not feed, provide water, handle or release the seabird.
- viii. The Contractor shall maintain records of all downed seabirds for the duration of the project. The records shall include the date, time, location and condition (dead or alive) the seabird was found and delivered. Submit a copy of the records to the Engineer after finding each and every downed seabird.
- (2) Hawaiian Waterbirds. Hawaiian waterbirds occupy fresh and brackish water marshes, coastal estuaries and natural or manmade ponds. Hawaiian stilts also occupy areas with ephemeral or persistent standing water, conditions of which can be found in culverts and drainage structures. Because this project occurs near water, threats to these species from this project may include predation, reduced reproductive success, disturbance from human activity and injury or mortality from vehicle strikes.

The Contractor shall incorporate these measures to avoid and minimize project-related adverse effects to Hawaiian waterbirds:

- (a) In areas where known presence of Hawaiian waterbirds occurs, post, implement and enforce reduced speed limits, and inform project personnel and Contractors of the presence of these endangered species on-site.
- **(b)** If water resources are located within or adjacent to the project site, incorporate the applicable best management practices (BMPs) regarding work in aquatic environments to the project design.
- (c) Where appropriate habitat occurs within the vicinity of the project area, survey for Hawaiian waterbirds and nests prior to initiation of project work using survey biologists familiar with the species' biology. Survey biologists should be trained and capable of identifying adults and juveniles of each species, nesting behaviors, and nests. Repeat surveys again within 3 days of project initiation and after any subsequent delay of work of 3 or more days (during which the birds may attempt to nest).

192 193	i.	Surveys for species and nests should be repeated when a delay of work occurs that is three days or
194		more (during which the birds may attempt to nest).
195		more (during which the birds may attempt to nest).
196	ii.	If a nest or active brood is found, contact Kauai
197	•••	Branch DOFAW Office at (808) 274-3433 within 24
198		hours for further guidance.
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200	iii.	Establish and maintain a 100-ft buffer around all
201		active nests and/or broods until the
202		chicks/ducklings have fledged. Do not conduct
203		potentially disruptive activities or habitat alteration
204		within this buffer.
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206	iv.	A biological monitor that is familiar with the species'
207		biology shall be present on the project site during
208		all construction or earth moving activities until the
209		chicks/ducklings fledge to ensure that Hawaiian
210		waterbirds and nests are not adversely affected.
211		
212	(d) A	biological monitor is required during Hawaiian stilt
213	nesting s	eason from February 15 through August 31.
214		
215	i.	A biological monitor that is familiar with the species
216		biology and approved by the Federal Highways
217		Administration will conduct Hawaiian stilt nest
218		surveys where appropriate habitat occurs within the
219		proposed maintenance site prior to cleaning
220		culverts and drainage structures.
221		
222	ii.	Surveys will take place within three days of project
223		initiation and after any subsequent delay of work of
224		three or more days (during which the birds may
225		attempt to nest).
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227	(3) Hawaiiar	Goose. Hawaiian goose or nēnē uses various
228		Threats to the species from this project include
229 230		m human presence, and injury and mortality from An increased human presence at the project site
231		ne nesting, foraging, or loafing in the area.
232	codia distarb ric	The fleating, loraging, or loaning in the area.
233	The Cont	ractor shall incorporate these measures to avoid and
234		t-related adverse effects to the nene:
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236		enē in or near the project area shall not be
237	ар	proached, fed, or disturbed in any way.
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- (b) All food and or beverage waste shall be disposed of in appropriate, covered trash receptacles.
- (c) If nēnē are observed loafing, foraging, or otherwise present within the project area during the breeding season (September 1 through April 30), a trained biologist familiar with nēnē nesting behavior will survey the area in and around the project area for nests prior to work each day. Surveys will be repeated after any subsequent delay of work of three or more days (during which the birds may attempt to nest).
- (d) If a nest is identified within a radius of 150 feet of the project area, or a previously undiscovered nest is found within the 150-foot radius after work begins, all work shall cease and the Kauai Branch DOFAW Office will be contacted immediately at (808) 274-3433 for further guidance.
- (e) Reduced speed limits shall be posted and implemented in areas where nēnē are known to be present, and project personnel and Contractors will be informed of the presence of endangered species onsite.
- (f) There shall be no feeding of birds or dogs on the project site.
- (B) Compliance Requirements. The Contractor shall protect all species noted above for the duration of construction. Failure to comply with the construction requirements, harm or a taking of an individual during the construction duration shall be enforceable by the USFWS as set forth by the Endangered Species Act. Resultant penalties and/or fines shall be at the Contractor's expense without cost or liability to the State.
- **671.03 Measurement.** The Engineer will measure the work required for the protection of threatened and endangered species on a force account basis in accordance with Subsection 109.06 Force Account Provisions and Compensation and as ordered by the Engineer.
- **671.04 Payment.** The Engineer will pay for the accepted protection of threatened and endangered species on a force account basis in accordance with Subsection 109.06 Force Account Provisions and Compensation. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section, by the Engineer, and in the contract documents.

The Engineer will pay for the following pay item when included in the proposal schedule:

290	Pay Item	Pay Unit
291	•	•
292	Protection of Threatened and Endangered Species	Force Account
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294	An estimated amount may be allocated in the propose	
295	"Protection of Threatened and Endangered Species", but the a	
296	paid will be the sum shown on the accepted force account re	
297	sum be more or less than the estimated amount allocate	ed in the proposal
298	schedule."	
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301	END OF SECTION 671	