

1 Amend Section 628 – Shotcrete to read as follows:

2  
3 **“SECTION 628 – SHOTCRETE**

4 **628.01 Description.** This work includes furnishing all materials and labor  
5 required for placing and securing geocomposite drainage material, weep holes,  
6 reinforcing steel, shotcrete for the initial facing (flashcoat) and permanent facing,  
7 sculpturing and staining of the exposed concrete surface, and nail head bearing  
8 plates and nuts for the soil nail retaining walls shown on the Plans. The work  
9 also includes any preparatory trimming and cleaning of soil/rock surfaces and  
10 shotcrete cold joints to receive new shotcrete.

11 **628.02 Materials.** All admixtures and materials for shotcrete shall conform  
12 to sheet S0.1 General Notes 4(B) on the Plans and Subsection 601.02 Materials.

13 Materials shall be delivered, stored and handled to prevent contamination,  
14 segregation, corrosion or damage. Store liquid admixtures to prevent  
15 evaporation and freezing.

16 Geocomposite drain strips shall be provided in rolls wrapped with a  
17 protective covering and stored in a manner that protects the fabric from mud, dirt,  
18 dust, debris, and shotcrete rebound. Protective wrapping shall not be removed  
19 until immediately before the geotextile or drain strip is installed. Extended  
20 exposure to ultra-violet light shall be avoided. Each roll of geotextile or drain strip  
21 in the shipment shall be labeled to identify the production run.

22 **628.03 Construction Submittals.** No shotcreting shall be performed  
23 until the following submittals are accepted by the Engineer. At least 30 days  
24 before the planned start of shotcrete placement, submit 8 copies of the following  
25 information, in writing, to the Engineer for review and acceptance:

26 (A) Written documentation of the finisher's and nozzlelemen's  
27 qualifications including proof of ACI certification (if applicable)

28 (B) Proposed methods of shotcrete placement and of controlling and  
29 maintaining facing alignment and location and shotcrete thickness.

30 (C) Shotcrete mix design including:

31 (1) Type of Portland cement.

32 (2) Aggregate source and gradation.

33 (3) Proportion of mix by weight and water-cement ratio.

34 (4) Proposed admixtures, manufacturer, dosage, and technical  
35 literature.

36 (5) Previous strength test results for the proposed shotcrete mix  
37 completed within one year of the start of shotcreting may be  
38 submitted for initial verification of the required compressive  
39 strengths at start of production work.

40 (D) Certificates of Compliance, manufacturers' engineering data and  
41 installation instructions for the drainage geotextile, geocomposite drain  
42 strip, drain grate and accessories.

#### 43 **628.04 Construction Requirements**

44 (A) General. Use either the dry mix or the wet mix process of  
45 shotcreting as follows:

##### 46 (1) Dry Mix Process.

47 (a) Mix the cement and damp fine aggregates thoroughly.

48 (b) Feed the cement-fine aggregate mixture into a special  
49 mechanical feeder(gun) or other accepted delivery  
50 equipment.

51 (c) Meter the mixture into a delivery hose by a feed well  
52 or distributor.

53 (d) Convey this mixture by compressed air through the  
54 delivery hose to a special nozzle. Fit the nozzle with a  
55 perforated manifold that the Contractor can introduce the  
56 water under pressure and intimately mix with the other  
57 ingredients.

58 (e) Jet the mortar from the nozzle at high velocity onto  
59 the surface that the Contractor will shotcrete.

##### 60 (2) Wet Mix Process.

61 (a) Mix the ingredients specified in Subsection  
62 628.04(A)(1)-Dry Mix Process including water thoroughly.

63 (b) Introduce the mortar into the chamber of the delivery  
64 equipment.

65 (c) Meter the mortar into the delivery hose and convey  
66 the mortar by compressed air or other means to a nozzle.

67 (d) Inject additional air at the nozzle to increase the  
68 velocity and improve the gunning pattern.

69 (e) Jet the mortar from the nozzle at high velocity onto  
70 the surface that the Contractor will shotcrete.

71 (B) **Equipment.** Submit the manufacturer's specifications and  
72 operation instructions for the equipment that will be used on the project for  
73 acceptance by the Engineer. Operate the equipment according to the  
74 manufacturer's recommendations.

75 The Contractor may do proportioning of the mortar ingredients,  
76 except water, either volumetrically or by weight. Apply the water as  
77 specified above. The Engineer will not permit batches requiring fractional  
78 sacks unless the Contractor weighs the cement. Use the batches of the  
79 mixture within the time requirements specified in Section 601 – Structural  
80 Concrete.

81 (1) **Dry Mix Process.** Mix the ingredients thoroughly with  
82 mixing equipment so the Contractor can coat the fine aggregate  
83 particles with cement. Provide mixing equipment for the continuous  
84 application of the mortar.

85 The moisture content of the fine aggregate shall be such that  
86 the fine aggregate-cement mixture shall flow at a uniform rate  
87 (without slugs) through the delivery hose. The optimum moisture  
88 content shall depend on the delivery equipment used, but shall be  
89 between 3% and 6%.

90 Discharge the fine aggregate-cement mixture into the  
91 delivery hose under close control. Deliver a continuous, smooth  
92 stream of uniformly mixed material at the proper velocity to the  
93 discharge nozzle.

94 Equip the discharge nozzle with a manually operated water  
95 injection system (water ring) for directing and even distribution of  
96 water through the fine aggregate-cement mixture. The water valve  
97 shall be readily adjustable in varying the quantity of water, and shall  
98 be convenient to the person handling the nozzle.

99 Deliver a conical discharge stream of uniform appearance.  
100 Distortion of this stream or nonuniform appearance shall be cause  
101 to stop the work until the Contractor has corrected the situation.

102 Maintain a supply of clean air adequate for providing  
103 sufficient nozzle velocity for parts of the work and for the  
104 simultaneous operation of a blow pipe for clearing away rebound.

105 The water pressure at the discharge nozzle shall be greater  
106 than the operating air pressure to assure that the water shall

107 intimately mix with the other materials. If the water line pressure is  
108 inadequate, use a water pump to increase and get the required  
109 pressure. The water pressure shall be non-pulsating.

110 **(2) Wet Mix Process.** The wet mix delivery equipment shall be  
111 of a design and size that has produced good results in similar work.  
112 The wet mix process shall have the capacity to deliver the pre-  
113 mixed materials accurately, uniformly and continuously through the  
114 delivery hose. Follow the manufacturer's recommendations as to:

- 115 (a) the type and size of nozzle,
- 116 (b) cleaning the equipment,
- 117 (c) inspecting the equipment and
- 118 (d) maintaining the equipment.

119 The air compressor shall conform to Subsection  
120 628.04(B)(1) – Dry Mix Process.

121 **(C) Qualification.** The shotcrete contractor shall be capable of  
122 performing the work specified herein and shall have the following  
123 minimum experience requirements below.

124 The workers handling the nozzle employed for the work shall be  
125 competent operators with at least two years of experience in this type of  
126 work. The person handling the nozzle may be an apprentice with at least  
127 6 months of experience. The foreman in charge shall have at least two  
128 years of experience handling the nozzle.

129 **(D) Alignment Control.** Surfaces that the Contractor will shotcrete  
130 shall conform to the dimensions shown in the contract or ordered by the  
131 Engineer. The surfaces shall not contain free moisture but shall be  
132 sufficiently damp to prevent absorption. Install adequate ground wires as  
133 guides to establish the thickness and surfaces of the shotcrete build-up.  
134 The wires shall be taut and true to line at all times during the operation.

135 **(E) Surface Preparation.** Clean the face of the excavation and other  
136 surfaces to be shotcreted of loose materials, mud, rebound, overspray or  
137 other foreign matter that could prevent or reduce shotcrete bond. Protect  
138 adjacent surfaces for overspray during shooting. Avoid loosening,  
139 cracking, or shattering the ground during excavation and cleaning.  
140 Remove any surface material which is so loosened or damaged to a  
141 sufficient depth to provide a base that is suitable to receive the shotcrete.  
142 Remove material that loosens as the shotcrete is applied. Cost of  
143 additional shotcrete is incidental to the work. Divert water flow and

144 remove standing water so that the shotcrete placement will not be  
145 detrimentally affected by standing water.

146 **(F) Gunning.** Apply the shotcrete from the lower part of the area  
147 upwards to prevent accumulation of rebound. Orient nozzle at a distance  
148 and approximately perpendicular to the working face so that rebound will  
149 be minimal and compaction will be maximized. Pay special attention to  
150 encapsulating reinforcement. Care shall be taken while encasing  
151 reinforcing steel and mesh to keep the front face of the reinforcement  
152 clean during shooting operations, so that shotcrete builds up from behind,  
153 to encase the reinforcement and prevent voids and sand pockets from  
154 forming.

155 Allow each layer ample time to set. Each layer shall be free of  
156 rebound material before applying the next layer. If final set has taken  
157 place, wet down the area before the next application.

158 If high winds prevent the person handling the nozzle from making  
159 proper application of the mortar or if rain occurs causing washing out of  
160 the cement or sloughing of the mortar, the Engineer will suspend gunning.

161 **(G) Rebound.** Remove rebound. The Engineer will not allow rebound  
162 to become a part of the work.

163 **(H) Construction Joints.** Form construction joints by tampering to a  
164 thin edge over a distance of about 12 inches. Clean the construction joint  
165 thoroughly and wet the construction joint before the subsequent  
166 application of shotcrete.

167 **(I) Finishing.**

168 **(1)** The surface finish of the shotcrete construction facing shall  
169 be sculpted as shown on contract drawings. Finish the surface with  
170 proper floats and steel trowels. Round the exposed edges with an  
171 edging tool. Control joints shall be tooled to specified radius as  
172 shown on plans. The pattern shall match the existing sculpted rock  
173 finish at the adjacent work site, Mile Post 5.00 to 5.16.

174 **(2) Staining of Exposed Shotcrete Surfaces.** All exposed  
175 shotcrete surfaces shall be stained with a penetrating liquid stain  
176 that produces permanent color in the shotcrete surfaces. The stain  
177 shall be a water based formulation of hydrochloric acid and metallic  
178 salts that creates a reaction within the shotcrete substrate. The  
179 reaction should slightly etch the shotcrete to provide deep and  
180 permanent color penetration. Stain data shall be submitted to the  
181 Engineer for approval.

182           The shotcrete surface must be uniformly cleaned, cured and  
183           dried as required by the stain manufacturer before applying the  
184           stain. The shotcrete shall be cured for a minimum of 28 days and  
185           any membrane curing compounds must be completely removed  
186           and surface shall be thoroughly rinsed. Pressure washing may be  
187           necessary to clean the concrete surfaces. Acid wash shall not be  
188           used to clean the concrete surfaces.

189           Adjacent areas and vegetation shall be protected during the  
190           preparation and application of the stain.

191           Prior to constructing the permanent shotcrete wall, the  
192           Contractor shall produce a 3 feet by 3 feet test specimen for  
193           approval by the Engineer at no increase in contract price and  
194           contract time. Test specimen shall be sculpted and stained by the  
195           Contractor to experiment with the colors, application method, and  
196           finishing techniques. Multiple applications to the shotcrete surfaces  
197           may be required to produce the required color.

198           **(J) Curing.** Curing shall be by curing compound as shown in contract  
199           drawings.

200           **(K) Control Testing.**

201           **(1) Preconstruction Testing.** When required by the Engineer,  
202           the Contractor shall furnish three unreinforced and three reinforced  
203           test panels, at least 30 inches square with the same thickness as  
204           in the structure, but not less than 3 inches thick. Reinforcing for the  
205           test panels shall be of the same size and spacing required for the  
206           work. The Contractor shall make test panels to represent actual job  
207           conditions.

208           Test nonreinforced specimens for conformance to specified  
209           physical properties in accordance with ASTM C 1140. The  
210           Engineer will visually grade reinforced specimens for conformance  
211           to specified core grade as specified in Subsection 628.03(K)(2) –  
212           Shotcrete Core Grades.

213  
214           Allow only nozzle operators with test panel mean core grade  
215           less than or equal to 2.5 to place job shotcrete. Require nozzle  
216           operator to shoot second test panel if first test panel is rejected. If  
217           nozzle operator's second mean core grade is greater than 2.5, do  
218           not permit that nozzle operator to shoot on the project.

219  
220           **(2) Shotcrete Core Grades.**  
221

222 (a) **Grade 1.** Shotcrete specimens are solid; there are no  
223 laminations, sandy areas or voids. Small air voids with  
224 maximum diameter or 1/8 inch and maximum length of 1/4  
225 inch are normal and acceptable. Sand pockets or voids  
226 behind continuous reinforcing steel are unacceptable. The  
227 surface against the form or bond plane shall be sound,  
228 without sandy texture or voids.  
229

230 (b) **Grade 2.** Shotcrete specimens shall have no more  
231 than two laminations or sandy areas with dimensions not to  
232 exceed 1/8 inch thick by 1 inch long. The height, width, and  
233 depth of voids shall not exceed 3/8 inch. Porous areas  
234 behind reinforcing steel shall not exceed 1/2 inch in any  
235 direction except along length of reinforcing steel. The  
236 surface against the form or bond plane shall be sound,  
237 without sandy texture or voids.  
238

239 (c) **Grade 3.** Shotcrete specimens shall have no more  
240 than two laminations or sandy areas with dimensions  
241 exceeding 3/16 inch thick by 1-1/4 inches long, or one major  
242 void, sand pocket, or lamination containing loosely bonded  
243 sand not to exceed 5/8 inch thick and 1-1/4 inches in width.  
244 The surface against the form or bond plane may be sandy,  
245 with voids containing overspray to a depth of 1/16 inch.  
246

247 (d) **Grade 4.** Core shall meet, in general, requirements  
248 of Grade 3 cores, but may have two major flaws such as  
249 described for Grade 3, or may have one flaw with maximum  
250 dimension of 1 inch perpendicular to the face of the core,  
251 with maximum width of 1-1/2 inches. The end of the core  
252 that was shot against the form may be sandy, with voids  
253 containing overspray to a depth of 1/8 inch.  
254

255 (e) **Grade 5.** Core that does not meet criteria of core  
256 grades 1 through 4, by being of poorer quality, shall be  
257 classified as Grade 5.  
258

259 (f) Determine grade by computing the mean of a  
260 minimum of three test specimens. Accept mean grade of 2.5  
261 or less. Reject individual shotcrete cores with grade of  
262 greater than 3.  
263

264 (g) The above core grades are based on cores with  
265 surface area of 50 square inches. For cores with greater or  
266 lesser area than 50 square inches, adjust allowable flaws  
267 relative to 50 square inches.

**(3) Evaluation of In-Place Shotcrete.** Remove and replace shotcrete that is delaminated, exhibits laminations, voids, or sand pockets exceeding limits for specified grade of shotcrete. Remove and replace shotcrete that does not comply with specified material properties.

Repair core holes in accordance with ACI 301 Chapter 9. Do not fill holes by shooting.

**(4) Acceptance.** The Engineer will accept shotcrete work that meets requirements of the contract documents. The Engineer will accept shotcrete work that has previously failed to meet one or more requirements, but which has been repaired to meet requirements of the contract documents.

Shotcrete work that fails to meet one or more requirements and that cannot be brought into compliance will be evaluated for acceptance by the Engineer. Modifications may be required to ensure remaining work complies with requirements of the contract documents.

**(L) Geocomposite Drain Strips.** Install geocomposite drain strips centered between the columns of nails as shown on the Plans. The drain strips shall be at least 24 inches wide and placed with the geotextile side against the ground. Secure the strips to the excavation face and prevent shotcrete from contaminating the ground side of the geotextile. Drain strips shall be continuous vertically. Splices shall be made with a 24 inch minimum overlap such that the flow of water is not impeded. Repair damage to the geocomposite drain strip, which may interrupt the flow of water.

**(M) Connection Pipe and Weepholes.** Install connection pipes as shown on the plans. Connection pipes are lengths of solid PVC pipe installed to direct water from the geocomposite drain strips to the exposed face of the wall. Connect the connection pipes to the drain strips using prefabricated drain grates. Install the drain grate per the manufacturers recommendations. The joint between the drain grate and the drain strip and the discharge end of the connection pipe shall be sealed to prevent shotcrete intrusion.

**628.05 Method of Measurement.** The quantity to be paid for shotcrete is the quantity shown in the proposal schedule. The contract quantity will be adjusted for authorized changes that affect the quantity or for errors made in computing this quantity. If there is evidence that a quantity specified as a contract



311 quantity is incorrect, submit calculations, drawings, or other evidence indicating  
312 why the quantity is in error and request, in writing, that the quantity be adjusted.

313 The Engineer will not measure additional shotcrete required to complete  
314 the job. The Contractor shall anticipate and include in his/her bid substantial  
315 excavation overbreak and subsequent backfill with shotcrete at the face of the  
316 excavation due to the cobbly and rocky nature of the subsurface materials at the  
317 soil nail retaining wall locations.

318 **628.06 Basis of Payment.** The engineer will pay for the accepted  
319 shotcrete at the contract unit price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal  
320 schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this  
321 section and the contract documents.

322 The prices includes full compensation for providing proper shotcrete facing  
323 alignment and thickness control; furnishing and installing admixtures, reinforcing  
324 steel and reinforcement wire holding devices; bearing plates and nuts, test  
325 panels, all wall drainage materials including geocomposite drain strips,  
326 connection pipes, drain grates, fittings, all sampling, testing, sculpturing and  
327 staining, and reporting required; and furnishing labor, material tools, equipment,  
328 and incidents necessary to complete the work.

329 The Engineer will make payment under:

330	Pay Item	Pay Unit
331	Shotcrete	Square Yards
332		
333	1) 30% of the contract bid price upon submitting an acceptable	
334	shotcreting plan, a job-mix formula acceptable to the Engineer and	
335	preparing surface for shotcreting;	
336		
337	2) 25% of the contract bid price upon installing the intial layer of	
338	shotcrete;	
339		
340	3) 35% of the contract bid price upon installing the final layer of	
341	shotcrete, and completion of sculpturing and staining;	
342		
343	4) 10% of the contract bid price upon completion of cleanup of	
344	shotcrete area.	

345 The Engineer will not pay for additional shotcrete or cast-in-place concrete  
346 needed to fill voids created by irregularities in the cut face, excavation overbreak  
347 or inadvertent excavation beyond the plan final wall face excavation line or failure  
348 to construct the shotcrete construction facing to the specified line and grade  
349 tolerances. The Contractor shall anticipate substantial excavation overbreak and  
350 subsequent backfill with shotcrete at the face of the excavation due to the cobbly

351 and rocky nature of the subsurface materials at the soil nail retaining wall  
352 locations.”

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**END OF SECTION 628**