

1 Make the following section a part of the Standard Specifications:

2  
3 **“SECTION 621 – INVASIVE SPECIES MANAGEMENT**

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5  
6 **621.01 Description.** This section describes the best management practices for  
7 the prevention, identification, control, eradication, and reporting of invasive plant  
8 and animal species (collectively, invasive species). Invasive species impacts can  
9 include damage to infrastructure, public health and safety issues, reduction of  
10 biodiversity, and reduced cover of desirable native and/or nonnative species. The  
11 material found in Section 621 – Invasive Species Management shall be applied to  
12 the following sections, as appropriate: Section 201 – Clearing and Grubbing,  
13 Sections 202 – Removal of Structures and Obstructions, 203 – Excavation and  
14 Embankment, 204 –Excavation and Backfill for Miscellaneous Facilities, 205 –  
15 Excavation and Backfill for Bridge and Retaining Structures, and 206 –Excavation  
16 and Backfill for Drainage Facilities, which cover various excavations; Section 209  
17 – Temporary Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control; Section 619 – Planting;  
18 Section 641 – Hydro-Mulch Seeding; Section 642 – Landscape Maintenance; and  
19 Section 643 – Maintenance of Existing Landscape Areas.  
20

21 **(A) Definitions.** Whenever the following words, terms, or pronouns are  
22 used in contract documents, unless otherwise prescribed therein and  
23 without regard to the use or omission of uppercase letters, the intent and  
24 meaning shall be interpreted as follows:  
25

26 **(1) Alien Species.** Any species, including its seeds, eggs,  
27 spores, or other biological material capable of propagating that  
28 species, that is not native to that ecosystem.  
29

30 **(2) Botanist/Arborist.** A person with a minimum of 5 years of  
31 experience in the botanical field, including the identification,  
32 eradication, control, and reporting of invasive plant species. The  
33 CONTRACTOR’s selected botanist/arborist shall be approved by the  
34 Engineer.  
35

36 **(3) Hawaii Invasive Species Council (HISC).** Inter-  
37 departmental collaboration comprised of the Departments of Land &  
38 Natural Resources (DLNR), Agriculture (DOA), Health (DOH),  
39 Transportation (DOT), Business, Economic Development & Tourism  
40 (DBEDT), and the University of Hawaii (UH). The HISC was  
41 established in 2003 for the special purpose of providing policy level  
42 direction, coordination, and planning among state departments,  
43 federal agencies, and international and local initiatives for the control  
44 and eradication of harmful invasive species infestations throughout  
45 the State and for preventing the introduction of other invasive species  
46 that may be potentially harmful.

47 **(4) Invasive Species.** An alien species whose introduction does,  
48 or is likely to, cause economic or environmental harm or harm to  
49 human health.

50  
51 **(5) Invasive Species Committee (ISC).** Committees located in  
52 Hawai'i that are island-based partnerships of government agencies,  
53 nongovernmental organizations, and private businesses protecting  
54 each island from the most threatening invasive weeds and pests.

55  
56 **(6) Noxious Weed.** Any plant species that is, or that may be  
57 likely to become, injurious, harmful, or deleterious to the agricultural,  
58 horticultural, aquacultural, or livestock industry of the state and to  
59 forest and recreational areas and conservation districts of the state,  
60 as regulated by the Secretary of Agriculture and the federal land  
61 management agencies and the State of Hawai'i Department of  
62 Agriculture (HDOA) Hawai'i Revised Statutes (HRS) Chapter 152.  
63 The HDOA Noxious Weed List can be found in HRS 4:6:68 (Noxious  
64 Weed Rules).

65  
66 **(7) Pest.** Any insect, rodent, nematode, fungus, weed, or any  
67 other form of terrestrial or aquatic plant or animal life or virus,  
68 bacteria, or other microorganism (except viruses, bacteria, or other  
69 microorganisms on or in living humans or other living animals) that  
70 the Engineer declares to be a pest (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide,  
71 and Rodenticide Act, Section 2(t)).

72  
73 **(8) Physical Construction.** Activities associated with clearing,  
74 grubbing, grading, excavating, filling of land, or other similar site work  
75 activities and that cause ground disturbance and/or site disturbance.

76  
77 **(9) Propagule.** A vegetative structure that can become detached  
78 from a plant and give rise to a new plant, e.g., a bud, sucker, or spore.

79  
80 **(10) Priority Invasive Plants for the State of Hawai'i**  
81 **Department of Transportation Construction Projects.**

82  
83 **(a)** Plants and weeds identified in State of Hawai'i  
84 Department of Transportation (HDOT) contract specifications.

85  
86 **(b)** Plants on the U.S. Department of Agriculture Federal  
87 Noxious Weed List and in HRS 4:6:68 (Noxious Weed Rules)  
88 *provided that* the HDOA and/or the ISC also recommend that  
89 weed as a target.  
90

91 (c) Species identified as targets for the early detection,  
92 eradication, or containment and control by the local island ISC  
93 in each county, found at the following websites:  
94

- 95 1. Hawai'i Island: <https://www.biisc.org/>
- 96
- 97 2. Kaua'i: <https://www.kauaiisc.org/>
- 98
- 99 3. Maui: <https://mauiinvasive.org/>
- 100
- 101 4. O'ahu: <https://www.oahuisc.org/>
- 102

103 (d) Species determined by HDOT to impact roadside  
104 maintenance operations, infrastructure, or health and safety  
105 of the public (as determined by the Engineer). These species  
106 can be found in Chapter 2 of the HDOT Invasive Species  
107 Project Prioritization Plan.

108  
109 (e) Species that are actively controlled by neighboring  
110 landowners and agreed upon by the Engineer, as identified  
111 during pre-construction consultation with landowners (as  
112 applicable).

113  
114 **(11) Priority Pests for the State of Hawai'i Department of**  
115 **Transportation.**

116  
117 (a) Animals and pathogens designated as high-priority  
118 invasive species for early detection, eradication, or  
119 containment by the ISCs or HDOA in each county.

120  
121 (b) Animals and pathogens known to impact roadside  
122 maintenance operations, infrastructure, or public safety, as  
123 determined by HDOT.

124  
125 (c) Animals and pathogens that are of concern to  
126 neighboring landowners and the Engineer agrees should be  
127 targets for HDOT.

128  
129 **(12) Weed.** Any plant growing where it is not wanted, as  
130 determined by the Engineer.

131  
132 **(13) Wildlife Biologist.** A person with a minimum of 5 years of  
133 experience in the wildlife field, including identification, eradication,  
134 control, and reporting of invasive animal species. The  
135 CONTRACTOR's selected Wildlife Biologist shall be approved by the  
136 Engineer.

137 **621.02 Materials.**

138  
139 **(A) Free from Invasive Plants or Pests.** All material, including plant  
140 material, gravel, sand, and soil, provided for the project shall be free of  
141 invasive plants or pests. Such action is to prevent the introduction of  
142 invasive species onto the project site.

143  
144 **(B) Plant Material Sources.**

145  
146 **(1)** The CONTRACTOR shall buy plants propagated on the island  
147 where the plants will be planted. The CONTRACTOR shall provide  
148 the Engineer with the names of the nursery or nurseries they will use  
149 to provide landscaping plants in accordance with Section 619 –  
150 Planting. A Botanist/Arborist and a Wildlife Biologist (collectively,  
151 Biologists) shall inspect the nursery for the presence of invasive  
152 species on the property and in planting materials destined for the  
153 project site within 90 days of planting. Inspection results shall be  
154 provided to the Engineer in a report.

155  
156 **(2)** Should plants not be available on-island, imported plants from  
157 off-island may be used but shall not be brought directly to the project  
158 site. State of Hawai'i Plant Quarantine Branch–certified nurseries  
159 should be given priority when selecting off-island plant imports (State  
160 of Hawai'i Plant Industry Division 2020, available at:  
161 <https://hdoa.hawaii.gov/1pi/pq/certified-nurseries/>). These plants  
162 shall not be mixed with locally grown plants and shall be first  
163 quarantined in a location away from the project site for a period not  
164 less than 30 days in an area approved by the Engineer. Biologists  
165 shall inspect all plants imported from off-island to ensure that they  
166 are free from invasive species, such as coqui frogs  
167 (*Eleutherodactylus coqui*), fire ants (*Wasmannia auropunctata* and  
168 *Solenopsis geminata*), and weed seedlings, that could arrive  
169 inadvertently. The Biologists shall screen out any priority invasive  
170 plants or other potentially invasive plants or organisms, including  
171 imported plants that appear to be sick or carrying disease. Any plant  
172 that appears to be diseased shall be submitted to the University of  
173 Hawai'i College of Tropical Agriculture and Humane Resources  
174 extension agents for positive identification of the disease. The  
175 Biologists may also seek assistance from other organizations,  
176 including the State of Hawai'i Department of Land and Natural  
177 Resources (DLNR), HDOA, and the local island ISC in the  
178 identification or detection of non-plant invasive species. Imported  
179 plants shall be planted out only after they have been determined to  
180 be free of unwanted weeds or animal pests at the quarantine location  
181 determined by the Engineer. All pests or invasive species shall be

reported by calling the Hawai'i Invasive Species Council at 808-643-PEST (7378) to determine appropriate treatment.

(3) In conjunction with Section 641 – Hydro-Mulch Seeding, a botanist/arborist shall inspect seeded areas a minimum of 45 days after hydroseed is applied.

**(C) Construction Material.**

(1) The Contractor shall make sure all material stockpile sites are free of invasive plants (including seeds and propagules) and animals. Stockpile site surveys shall be included in the Biologists' inventory report.

(2) All imported materials, including gravel, soil, rock, and sand shall be free of invasive species.

(3) All materials shall be stockpiled at a designated staging area to prevent contamination. If possible, permanent containment areas shall be constructed for long-term projects.

(4) Stockpiles of materials such as gravel, soil, rock, and sand shall be inspected every 6 months by the Biologists to ensure that they are not encroached upon by invasive plants or animals (a buffer of 30 feet shall be maintained).

(5) If invasive species are present, the CONTRACTOR shall either chemically or mechanically remove them, as determined by the Engineer.

**621.03 Construction.**

**(A) Responsibility.**

(1) Any priority invasive plants and priority pests that establish after notice to proceed and prior to final acceptance by the Engineer that were not present before construction shall be the sole responsibility of the CONTRACTOR to remove or control. Acceptable removal is dependent on the type of species and shall be approved by the Engineer.

(2) The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for the control or eradication of priority invasive plants and/or priority pests that are already established at a project site before construction begins. CONTRACTOR responsibility is determined by the Engineer. Removal of already established species shall be paid from the force account; see Payment section below.

(3) The CONTRACTOR shall ensure that weed and/or pest removal is carried out in a legal manner, including obtaining all necessary training, licenses, and permits from applicable regulatory agencies for the specific methods proposed for removal and disposal of invasive species.

**(B) Inventory of Invasive Species before Physical Construction.**

(1) A full list of plant and animal species present at the site (botanical inventory and faunal inventory, respectively) is required for projects that have more than 1 acre or 43,560 square feet of roadside soil or vegetation and which will remain as soil or vegetation at the end of the construction project. The botanical and faunal inventory can either be combined into one report or the floral and faunal inventories can be reported on separately. Biologists shall provide one electronic copy of each inventory report to the Engineer. Botanical and faunal inventories shall be undertaken within 30 days before physical construction activities (e.g., site work, clearing, grubbing, ground disturbance, and/or any other site disturbance) are initiated. The postconstruction botanical and faunal inventories shall be undertaken during the Plant Establishment Period, which extends 3 months from the accepted completion date of the Planting Period. See Section 619 – Planting for definitions on the Planting Period and the Plant Establishment Period. The botanical and faunal inventory of the right-of-way shall be done by Biologists hired by the CONTRACTOR. The botanical inventory report shall include scientific names of plant species and their abundance (area covered and/or number of plants, as appropriate, depending on growth form). For priority invasive plants, the inventory shall provide details on GPS location (NAD 83) and reproductive status: mature (reproductive parts present) or immature. For priority invasive animals, the inventory shall include scientific names of faunal species and shall provide details on GPS location (NAD 83) and individual(s) detected.

(2) The Biologists shall inventory and report any priority invasive plants and/or priority invasive pests within 30 feet of any proposed on-site stockpiles for gravel, sand, and soil that may be sourced for the construction project.

269 **(C) Invasive Species Removal Plan.**

270  
271 **(1)** If invasive species are found before physical construction,  
272 including within 30 feet of material stockpile locations, the  
273 CONTRACTOR shall submit an invasive species removal plan for  
274 approval by the Engineer. This plan shall include specific removal  
275 methods for all priority invasive species identified by the Engineer,  
276 such as physical removal and/or chemical treatments, and a detailed  
277 post-removal monitoring plan. The plan should address how to  
278 prevent the spread of the invasive species if not removed. A cost to  
279 remove and a cost to prevent the spread shall be submitted by the  
280 CONTRACTOR. Preparation of the removal plan will be paid for  
281 from the force account.  
282

283 **(2)** If the invasive species is/are not removed prior to physical  
284 construction, the CONTRACTOR shall surround areas of all invasive  
285 plants with a protective 4-foot-high, orange plastic mesh or  
286 equivalent fence accepted by the Engineer, supported on a minimum  
287 6-foot-long steel T-post. The CONTRACTOR shall provide signage  
288 on the fence that states "not to disturb or work within the fenced  
289 area." Fences shall be erected before removal work begins and shall  
290 not be removed until removal work is completed. For trees or shrubs,  
291 flagging tape can be used to mark plants. The CONTRACTOR shall  
292 contact the local island ISC to determine the best method to contain  
293 invasive animals.  
294

295 **(D) Removal of Priority Invasive Species Found before Physical**  
296 **Construction.**

297  
298 **(1)** The CONTRACTOR shall be required to remove invasive  
299 plants and/or priority pests present at the site after approval of the  
300 removal plan or implement mitigation measures to prevent their  
301 spread. Removal of invasive species present prior to construction  
302 will be paid from the force account. Removal shall be completed  
303 prior to any physical construction at the project site.  
304

305 **(2)** The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for ensuring the  
306 plant and animal removal is carried out in a legal manner, including  
307 obtaining all necessary training, licenses, and permits from  
308 applicable regulatory agencies for the specific methods proposed for  
309 clearing and removing invasive species.  
310

311 (3) If pesticides are proposed for use in the removal plan, the  
312 CONTRACTOR shall ensure that their application is supervised by a  
313 licensed commercial applicator. The labels for pesticides being used  
314 must be in the applicator's possession; the applicator shall have  
315 proper safety equipment and be prepared to handle chemical spills  
316 before they occur. The CONTRACTOR shall use the least toxic  
317 chemical that shall achieve the desired results. If a chemical spill  
318 occurs, the Engineer must be notified, and the proper authorities  
319 shall be notified in accordance with the pesticide label requirements.  
320 A record of chemical applications shall be kept by the commercial  
321 applicator and submitted to the Engineer.  
322

323 (4) Green waste resulting from invasive species removal shall be  
324 disposed in a manner that will prevent spread by seeds or regrowth  
325 from plant fragments. Material contaminated with invasive species  
326 shall be covered and secured during transport to prevent other areas  
327 from becoming contaminated. In addition, seeds and fruit shall be  
328 placed and secured in bags by the CONTRACTOR. As determined  
329 by the Engineer, plant material shall be incinerated or buried in a  
330 landfill.  
331

332 (E) **Post-removal Monitoring and Inspection.** A Biologist shall carry  
333 out post-removal monitoring at least every 6 months to confirm that  
334 the removal plan was successfully implemented. The post-removal  
335 monitoring is intended to ensure that the treated areas remain free  
336 of invasive species during the construction. Before handing the site  
337 over to the Engineer, the CONTRACTOR shall perform an inspection  
338 of the entire construction site. The Engineer shall determine whether  
339 the CONTRACTOR has met the responsibilities for invasive species  
340 removal based on the post-removal inspection report.  
341

342 (F) **Decontaminating Equipment, Machinery, and Vehicles.**  
343

344 (1) **Clean Equipment.**  
345

346 (a) All CONTRACTOR equipment and vehicles shall arrive  
347 at the work site clean and visibly free of any soil, plants, or  
348 plant parts (e.g., seeds); insects and insect eggs; reptiles and  
349 amphibians and their eggs; or any other invasive species.  
350 Routine clean-down procedures shall be implemented to  
351 prevent contaminants from building up using visible inspection  
352 and power washing equipment. All equipment cleaning and  
353 sanitation shall be incidental to the lump-sum pay items.  
354



355 (b) The CONTRACTOR shall certify that equipment is  
356 arriving free of soil and debris capable of transporting viable  
357 invasive plant parts, seeds, or propagules, or invasive  
358 animals. The CONTRACTOR shall provide the Engineer with  
359 sequentially numbered decals and an accompanying  
360 spreadsheet with the decal numbers indicated in one column  
361 and subsequent column headings for the date of inspection  
362 and license plate number. Decals shall include the contract  
363 number and be consistent with the format supplied by the  
364 Engineer. The CONTRACTOR shall place the decal on  
365 construction project machinery and vehicles, and the  
366 Engineer will initial and date the decal after an inspection  
367 determines that the vehicles are acceptably clean. After  
368 initialing the decal on the vehicle/ machinery, the Engineer will  
369 use the submitted spreadsheet to record the date of  
370 inspection and license plate number. The CONTRACTOR  
371 shall remove the decal after project completion.  
372

373 (c) Vehicles or equipment that are off-site for 1 or more  
374 working days shall be cleaned and inspected at least once  
375 prior to their arrival at site. For other vehicles left on-site, the  
376 CONTRACTOR shall attempt to maintain reasonable  
377 standards of vehicle hygiene, and frequency of inspection will  
378 be determined by the Engineer.  
379

380 (d) All vehicles and equipment brought in for construction  
381 work from off-island are required to be thoroughly washed at  
382 the port of export before they arrive at the project site. If  
383 invasive species are found at the project site, all vehicles that  
384 are deemed to be contaminated by the Engineer must be  
385 washed before leaving the project site and being returned to  
386 its island of origin, or if not feasible or appropriate at the  
387 project site, then at an approved alternative site.  
388

389 (e) **Cleaning Stations.**  
390

- 391 1. The Engineer will designate a cleaning station  
392 for the project site. The location of cleaning stations  
393 shall be recorded using a GPS unit and provided to the  
394 Engineer. The Engineer will consider the following  
395 when selecting and approving a cleaning station at the  
396 project site:  
397

398           **a.**     The cleaning stations shall not contribute  
399           to further contamination of machinery. To  
400           prevent this, gravel or other appropriate material  
401           shall be used to minimize contact with mud or  
402           dirt, which may contain invasive plant seeds.

403  
404           **b.**     Cleaning stations shall be located in low-  
405           value areas (e.g., away from native vegetation)  
406           or off-site.

407  
408           **c.**     The designated cleaning area must  
409           provide an environment for operators to safely  
410           undertake clean-down procedures (i.e., is safe  
411           for road traffic and personnel).

412  
413           **d.**     Cleaning station locations must be  
414           clearly posted with signs that say: "Cleaning  
415           Station."

416  
417           **2.**     The CONTRACTOR shall only use designated  
418           cleaning stations at the project site to decontaminate  
419           equipment, machinery, and vehicles. All earthwork  
420           equipment shall be cleaned and be completely free of  
421           soil, seeds, vegetative matter, or other debris that  
422           could contain plant seeds or propagules prior to arrival  
423           and/or before leaving the project site. Manual clean-  
424           down procedures consist of using hand tools such as  
425           brushes, brooms, air compressors, vacuums, and/or  
426           high-pressure water guns. If using high-pressure  
427           water, apply only as much water as needed to avoid  
428           unnecessary run-off. As part of the cleaning, the  
429           CONTRACTOR must pay particular attention to key  
430           areas such as the chassis and wheels. A clean-down  
431           checklist for vehicles shall include the following:

432  
433           **a.**     Underside: wheels, rollers, tracks, wheel  
434           arches, wheel trim, bumpers, mud flaps, tire  
435           rims, axle, differentials, and spare tire

436  
437           **b.**     Digging apparatus, blades, and buckets

438  
439           **c.**     Interior: foot wells, carpets, and under  
440           mats  
441

d. Engine bay: radiator, air filters, grille, recess under windscreen wipers, and transmission gearbox

e. Tray and trunk (for soil, seed, and plant material)

3. The CONTRACTOR shall clean and inspect equipment before it arrives at the project site. Equipment shall be considered free of soil, seeds, and other such debris after a visual inspection confirms it. Visual inspection shall include the complete exterior, including undercarriages, tires, wheel wells, and grille. Disassembly of equipment components or specialized inspection tools are not required. The Engineer will maintain a log of vehicle inspections. Earthwork equipment shall not be allowed to operate within the state right-of-way until approved by the Engineer.

4. Priority pests found hitchhiking on equipment shall be reported to HDOA by calling 808-643-PEST (7378).

5. Equipment shall not be sprayed with pesticides as a preventative measure. Spraying equipment with pesticides is not consistent with label specifications. Additionally, many pesticides target a wide range of vegetation and invertebrates and using pesticides in this way may harm nontarget vegetation and invertebrates.

6. The CONTRACTOR shall thoroughly inspect seeding equipment prior to conducting seeding activities to ensure they are free of invasive plant propagules.

**(G) Ensuring No Invasive Species Become Established during Construction.**

(1) The CONTRACTOR is responsible for keeping the construction site free of invasive species. Monitoring shall be carried out by the CONTRACTOR after removal of invasive species found prior to construction, every 6 months during construction, after physical construction, and after the Plant Establishment Period, before handing the site over to the State. This monitoring shall be undertaken by a Botanist/Arborist for invasive plants and a Wildlife

Biologist for invasive animals who shall provide an inventory report which will include scientific names of plant and animal species and their abundance (e.g., area covered and/or number of plants, as appropriate, depending on growth form; and number of individual animals detected). The invasive species inventory report can either report on invasive plants and animals separately or joined as a single document. The report for priority invasive plants shall provide GPS (NAD 83) locations and reproductive status, and the report for priority invasive pests shall provide GPS (NAD 83) locations and the number of individuals detected. Each Biologist shall provide one electronic copy of each inventory report to the Engineer.

**(2)** Invasive Species Information Signage at the Project Site. Invasive species and noxious weed signage shall be prominently posted at the CONTRACTOR's workplace and at the project site. Signage shall include one laminated 8.5 x 11-inch color page for each HDOT priority invasive species relevant to the project site. The CONTRACTOR may obtain free digital files with invasive species photographs that shall be printed and laminated for use on the project site; these are available at: <http://www.hawaiiinvasivespecies.org>. All signage shall include "Call 808-643-PEST (7378)."

**(3)** Training. HDOT and the CONTRACTOR's field staff shall attend a mandatory training by biologists knowledgeable about invasive plants and animals about on-site decontamination protocols, identification of priority invasive species and pests, and reporting procedures, once annually (or prior to any physical construction). The local island ISC should be contacted for training information. Trainers shall record the name and date of training for those individuals that complete the training, which shall be provided to the Engineer upon request.

**(4)** Unannounced Inspections. The CONTRACTOR shall provide unfettered access to the state right-of-way to any ISC staff, HDOA staff, or anyone else acting for the Engineer for the purpose of detecting or monitoring invasive species.

(H) **Post-Physical Construction Prior to Returning the Site to the State—Post-Construction Inventory.** The CONTRACTOR shall conduct a post-construction invasive species inventory to verify and confirm that the CONTRACTOR maintained the site in the original condition after the initial removal of invasive species was conducted. If additional invasive species are found, the CONTRACTOR would be responsible to develop a removal plan, remove the invasive species found, and conduct post-removal monitoring at their own expense. The removal plan shall be subject to Engineer approval.

**621.04 Measurement.**

(A) Invasive species control measures during construction, including signage and decontamination training, will be paid on a lump sum basis. Measurement for payment will not apply.

(B) The development of the invasive species removal plan, removal of invasive species established before physical construction and not part of the project's physical construction work, as well as the post-removal monitoring, shall be paid with force account funds. The Engineer will measure invasive species removal planning, removal, and monitoring required and requested by Engineer on a force account basis in accordance with Subsection 109.06 – Force Account Provisions and Compensation.

**621.05 Payment.** The Engineer will pay for the accepted invasive species management on a contract lump-sum basis after the final acceptance of the project. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

The Engineer will pay for the following pay items when included in the proposal schedule:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Inventory of Invasive Species before Construction _____	Lump sum
Invasive Species Removal Plan _____	Force account
Removal of Plants and Animals Established before Physical Construction or Site Work, Post-removal Monitoring _____	Force account
Monitoring of Invasive Species during and after Construction _____	Lump sum
Post-Construction Inventory Prior to Returning the Site to the State _____	Lump sum

573

574         An estimated amount for the force account is allocated in the proposal  
575 schedule under Existing Invasive Species Removal, which includes the Invasive  
576 Species Removal Plan and the Removal of Plants and Animals Established before  
577 Physical Construction or Site Work, Post-removal Monitoring. The actual amount  
578 to be paid will be the sum shown on accepted force account records, whether this  
579 sum is more or less than the estimated amount allocated in the proposal schedule.”

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584

**END OF SECTION 621**