

1 Amend **Section 206 - Excavation and Backfill for Conduits and Structures** to
2 read as follows:

3
4 **"SECTION 206 - EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL**
5 **FOR CONDUITS AND STRUCTURES**

6
7 **206.01 Description.** This section is for:

- 8
9 (1) excavation to the depth and lines established for the foundations of
10 bridges, and other structures;
11
12 (2) excavation and backfilling trenches for culverts, structural plate
13 culverts, utility pipes (including water and sewer lines), concrete and
14 cement rubble masonry headwalls, grouted rubble paving, hand-laid and
15 dumped riprap;
16
17 (3) other excavation specifically designated in the contract as structure
18 excavation;
19
20 (4) backfilling according to this section and Section 624 - Water
21 System and Section 625 - Sewer System;
22
23 (5) disposal of surplus material from the structure excavation;
24
25 (6) bailing, draining, sheathing and the construction of cofferdams, if
26 found necessary, and the subsequent removal of sheathing and
27 cofferdams;
28
29 (7) work associated with dewatering activities and complying with the
30 conditions of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
31 (NPDES) Permit for Dewatering Activities.

32
33 Excavation for structures does not include the excavation:

- 34
35 (1) of post holes for fences, gates, or similar items;
36
37 (2) necessary to properly set curbs, paved gutters, headers,
38 pavement or base course forms.

39
40 **206.02 Materials.** Materials shall conform to the following:

| | | |
|----|-----------------------------|--------|
| 41 | | |
| 42 | Filter Material | 703.18 |
| 43 | | |
| 44 | Structure Backfill Material | 703.20 |
| 45 | | |
| 46 | Trench Backfill Material | 703.21 |

1 The Contractor may use Section 313 - Controlled Low Strength Material
2 (CLSM) in place of trench and structure backfill material subject to the
3 Engineer's acceptance. Do not use CLSM as trench backfill when installing
4 aluminum and aluminum coated pipe culverts. When using CLSM, the
5 Engineer will consider CLSM as the required backfill.

6 7 **206.03 Construction Requirements.**

8
9 **(A) General.** Notify the Engineer 10 working days before excavation
10 for structures, so that the Engineer can take cross-sectional elevations
11 and measurements of the undisturbed ground.

12
13 Excavate foundations to the elevations according to the particular
14 type of structure to be placed.

15
16 Do not disturb the ground below the elevations shown in the
17 contract in structure excavation operations. When disturbing such
18 ground below the required elevations, excavate the disturbed ground until
19 the undisturbed ground is reached. Backfill this area with Class D
20 concrete until the required foundation footing elevation is reached. This
21 work shall be at no cost to the State.

22
23 Keep the foundation dry by draining, bailing, pumping, driving
24 sheathings or constructing cofferdams and cribs.

25
26 When the material from excavation does not meet the quality
27 requirements specified for the backfill, furnish such suitable material as
28 required.

29
30 Use or dispose surplus and suitable material from structure
31 excavation remaining after completing backfilling according to Section
32 203 - Excavation and Embankment.

33
34 **(B) Cofferdams.** Carry cofferdams for foundation construction well
35 below the bottom of the footings. Brace well and as watertight as
36 practicable. Provide the interior dimensions of cofferdams sufficient
37 clearance for driving piles, constructing forms and, when placing no
38 seal, to permit pumping outside the forms.

39
40 When the clearance provided in the contract between the outside
41 line of the footing and piles or interior wall or surface is not sufficient to
42 permit the driving of piles or building of forms, the Contractor may
43 provide such clearance. The Engineer will consider such enlargement
44 over one foot outside the dimensions of the footing shown in the contract
45 for the sole purpose of expediting the work of the Contractor and is of no

1 value to the State. The Engineer will not include such excavation and
2 backfill for payment.

3
4 Correct or enlarge cofferdams that are tilted or moved out of
5 position during the process of sinking. Such work shall be at no cost to
6 the State.

7
8 In tidal waters or in streams at a time of probable flood, vent
9 cofferdam walls at low water elevation to insure full hydrostatic head both
10 inside and outside the cofferdam when pouring and setting of seals.

11
12 The Engineer will not permit shoring in cofferdams that will induce
13 stress, shock, or vibration in the permanent structure.

14
15 When permitted, cross struts or bracing may extend through
16 foundation concrete. The Engineer will permit such struts or bracing
17 below low water to remain in place. Remove struts or bracing above low
18 water. Fill the volume with concrete of the same mix as that specified for
19 the surrounding concrete.

20
21 If requested by the Engineer, submit drawings and design
22 calculations showing the proposed method of cofferdam construction and
23 other details left open to its choice or not fully shown on the contract for
24 substructure work. The type and clearance of cofferdams shall be
25 subject to acceptance.

26
27 Remove the cofferdams with sheathing and bracing to the level
28 one foot below the streambed at no cost to the State after the completion
29 of the substructure. Remove the cofferdam so as not to disturb or mar the
30 finished concrete or masonry.

31
32 **(C) Foundation Treatment.** Uncover the rock fully when footing
33 concrete or masonry is to rest upon rock. Remove the surface to a
34 depth sufficient to expose sound rock. Level off the rock roughly or cut
35 and roughen to approximate horizontal and vertical steps.

36
37 Grout seams in rock under pressure. The Engineer will pay the
38 cost as extra work according to Subsection 104.03 - Extra Work.

39
40 Do not disturb the bottom of the excavation when not using piles
41 and footing concrete or masonry is to rest on an excavated surface other
42 than rock. Do not make the final removal of the foundation material to
43 grade until just before placing the concrete or masonry.

44
45 Complete the excavation for piers and abutments to the bottom of
46 the footings before driving piles therein. Remove excess materials

1 remaining in the excavation after pile driving to the elevation of the bottom
2 of the footings.

3
4 The Engineer will permit excavating a sufficient distance below the
5 bottom of the footing as shown on the contract at no cost to the State
6 when using piles. When the ground has risen above plan grade after
7 driving the piles, remove the surplus material at no cost to the State.
8 When the surface of the ground is below plan grade after driving the
9 piles, backfill and compact to the plan grade with acceptable material at
10 no cost to the State.

11
12 **(D) Inspection.** When the Engineer needs to determine the
13 character of the foundation material, dig test pits and make test borings
14 and foundation bearing tests. The Engineer will pay the cost according
15 to Subsection 104.03 - Extra Work.

16
17 Notify the Engineer for inspecting and accepting the elevation and
18 character of the foundation before placing concrete or masonry in the
19 footing whenever completing the structure excavation to the foundation
20 grade of a footing.

21
22 **(E) Structure and Trench Backfill.** Do not deposit material in fills
23 until the test samples imply that the concrete has developed a strength
24 required in Subsection 503.03(E) - Loading against the back of:

- 25
26 (1) concrete abutments,
27
28 (2) piers,
29
30 (3) concrete retaining walls, or
31
32 (4) the outside walls of concrete box culverts

33
34 Cure the test samples under conditions similar to those affecting
35 the structure. Continue backfilling so that excessive unbalanced loads
36 are not introduced against the structure.

37
38 Place backfill material in uniform horizontal layers not exceeding 8
39 inches in loose thickness before compaction. Moisten and compact each
40 layer of backfill until obtaining a relative compaction of not less than 95%.
41 The Engineer may reduce compaction requirement of 95% in situations
42 where such compaction is not feasible such as in footings located in
43 running streams or in swampy areas. The Engineer will be the sole judge
44 of the degree of reduction. Backfill the footings with rockfill instead of the
45 95% compaction requirement in stream beds subject to appreciable scour.
46

1 When the Engineer cannot use the field density test, compact
2 each layer of backfill with vibratory or suitable equipment on granular
3 backfill material. Test methods to decide maximum densities and relative
4 compaction according to Subsection 106.09 - Special Test Methods.

5
6 Do not use water containing an excessive quantity of salt or other
7 deleterious substances for compaction of structure and trench backfill for
8 metal pipes.

9
10 The Engineer will not permit compaction of backfill material by
11 ponding or jetting.

12
13 When required, make sufficient fill at culverts and bridges ahead of
14 other grading operations to permit public traffic to cross. Compact
15 structure backfill at the following areas to a relative compaction of not less
16 than 90%:

- 17
18 (1) Oversized drains not beneath surfacing;
19
20 (2) Footing for slope protection, slope paving, and aprons;
21
22 (3) Headwalls, endwalls, and culvert wingwalls;
23
24 (4) Retaining walls except portions under surfacing and crib
25 wall;
26
27 (5) Inlets in median areas or in traffic interchange loops;
28
29 (6) Footings not beneath surfacing;
30
31 (7) Other locations where the plans show 90% relative
32 compaction for structure backfill.

33
34 **(F) Filter Material.** Place filter material for backfill at bridge
35 abutments, and retaining walls according to the contract.

36
37 Make the subgrade as impervious as possible by pneumatic
38 tamping where the material is placed. Compact the filter material
39 thoroughly in layers with the backfill.

40
41 **(G) Dewatering Activities.** If excavation or backfilling operations
42 requires dewatering, and the Contractor elects to discharge dewatering
43 effluent into Waters of the United States or existing drainage systems,
44 the Contractor shall obtain a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination
45 System (NPDES) Activity Dewatering Permit from the Department of
46 Health, Clean Water Branch (DOH-CWB). Do not begin dewatering

1 activities until the DOH-CWB has issued a Notice of General Permit
2 Coverage (NGPC). Dewatering operations shall be according to the
3 conditions in the NGPC. Submit a copy of the NPDES Activity Dewatering
4 Application and Permit to the Engineer.

5
6 **206.04 Method of Measurement.** The Engineer will not measure
7 structure excavation and structure backfill for concrete end posts.

8
9 **206.05 Basis of Payment.**

10
11 **(A) Structure Excavation.** The Engineer will not pay for the accepted
12 structure excavation separately. The Engineer will consider the cost for
13 structure excavation as included in the contract price for concrete end
14 posts.

15
16 The cost includes excavating; keeping the foundation dry; using
17 or disposing surplus and suitable material; providing cofferdams;
18 submitting drawings showing the proposed method of cofferdam;
19 notifying the Engineer for inspecting and accepting the elevation and
20 character of the foundation; and furnishing labors, materials, tools,
21 equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

22
23 **(B) Structure Backfill.** The Engineer will not pay for the accepted
24 structure backfill separately. The Engineer will consider the cost for
25 structure backfill as included in the contract price for concrete end posts.

26
27 The cost includes using suitable material for backfilling; testing the
28 samples; placing backfill material in uniform horizontal layers;
29 moistening and compacting each layer of backfill; and furnishing labors,
30 materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the
31 work.

32
33
34 **END OF SECTION 206**